THE RACINE JOURNAL

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

WILLIAM L. UTLEY.

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TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.

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Any person sending us a Club of ten subscribers will be entitled to an extra copy.

Money may be forwarded in letters at our risk.

RACINE JOURNAL.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISING	1 w	2 w	1 m	3 m	6 m	1 y
1 Square...	$ 1 50	$ 2 00	$ 3 00	$ 4 00	$ 6 00	$ 8 00
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RACINE JOURNAL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1865.

State Nominations.

There seems to be a good deal of difficulty among the wire-pullers at the capitol in making up the State nominations. They have got one or two more good men than they have holes for. That makes it bad for the choice, but they will soon get the thing fixed in shape. The people are anxious to go up there and ratify the thing, under the belief that they are going to Mollison to make nominations. Poor people, how you are gammoned. But then you don't have any trouble about the matter. These things are always fixed up to your hand in State capitols and Court Houses. Of course there will be one or two important positions left lying around for you to fix up. For instance, in the country there will be the Governor; at the capitol there will be the State Prison Commissioner—that will be enough to keep you good natured. Now, we want to say a few words to you people about this matter. It is about time you began to stir around and see what is going on. The people in our country are the governments; each man represents an equal part. How many of you act your part in the great political drama. You all vote, of course you do, but that does not cover the dangerous point. The dangerous point is in selecting the men to vote for. The wire workers may select the best man, and they may not. They usually select some one that wants the position rather than the most reliable test of merit. The course usually pursued by the people is this: When two or three men set themselves up to get some body to do for office, you immediately go to canvassing the merits of these men, without ever seeming to ask that there may be right among you a good, sound, reliable man of more times more worthy than either. You simply try to select the one that is the least objectionable in a moral point of view, but the other *is quite* generally also. You honest people are not aware that the wires from the great political battery at the capitol are running into every school district in the State, and that the designs are calculated upon with a certainty that would astonish an almanac maker. Now, the whole matter rests with the people. What you want to do is this. When you see a man that is anxious to be a delegate, put a mark to such somebody else. Send them then, entirely untrammelled. Let them meet and consult together; let them canvass the merits, not only of the pettifoggers at home, but of all the worthy men in the State. We don't think it expedient you all attend to this matter, but remember (as the preacher says to his sinners) that we have warned you.

A word to our Democratic Friends.

If there are any persons of the Democratic persuasion that subscribed and paid for the Journal at the time it was raving in the vile behoovings of McClellan democracy, we have to say to them that the bill of fare which we will lay before them will be so different from the one they ordered and paid for, nevertheless we are confident they will pot some sweetness and light of the right sort that we shall place before them, the true food of freedom, they will soon be willing to exclaim, with the disciples of old, after they had partaken of the bread of life, "Lord ever more give us this bread." At least we do not see how that anything we may say can be offensive to the Democrats, for so far as we are posted in their views, they all seem to be ardent supporters of Johnson. Of course, it is real, and there's just where we stand. Here we are, all in the same boat; all looking and shoving for the upper seat, but after we are all just where we was in the beginning, only we have had the pleasure of a national scrimmage, which serves to show that all this, though it may seem severe, in many of its aspects. Nothing we loved himself less, but Johnson more. As there is probably no particular difference in the policy now being carried out by Mr. Johnson from that which would have been carried out by Mr. Lincoln, it is very plain to be seen that had Lincoln's name been Johnson, everything would have been fixed up four years ago. Well, there is something please to the side, after having quarrelled for four years, we now find ourself without the slightest change on the part of either of us, shoulder to shoulder with the Democracy in supporting the present administration. All right, boys, stand square up to the work, and if Mr. Johnson is true to loyal citizens, we will get along very nicely by and by. Let's pray!

Patriotism of the Racine Ladies.

Facts will warrant us in saying that there is no city in the loyal States where the ladies have been more self sacrificing, and laboured more faithfully for the soldier in the field, than in this at home, then the ladies of Racine. They have not done it for the sake of having it or their's heralded to the world through the press; they are satisfied with the consciousness of having done good, and by the reward with Him who judges their motives correctly. But there are times when some feel a just pride in their city and its people, would like to have their efforts, in behalf of some great humane object manifested in connection with the doings of their sister cities. While the papers are filled with the doings and generosity of the ladies and citizens of other places, there is but slight mention of what Racine has done. The citizens of Racine have contributed, in one way and another, nearly or quite two thousand dollars, besides visiting the fair by thousands and contributing largely in that way, and all to make the fair has been a success. It is a well known fact that the Racine Table was one of the principle attractions of the fair.

Our First Two Days in a Printing Office.

Speaking of a male Bruine in a China Shop, he was no where when you come to talk about our first two days in a Printing Office, although we are willing to acknowledge that we are extremely ignorant about matters and things pertaining to this world, but our first two days experience has shown us that there was nothing about which we were so deplorably ignorant as the internal arrangements of a Printing Office. We knew, while negotiating for the office that we were getting a *heap of traps*, but it never occurred to us that it might be necessary for us to know what they were all for. But we had bought the office without considering these things, and now there was nothing to do but to put on a face and go in. We nerved ourself as we would to make a charge on the Rebel works; swaggered into the office with the air of one that is born to command. We strolled along down the office with a careless indifference that we have since learned did not *deceive nobody*. The first we knew we ran against a couple of long black roller looking things; down they went slam bang, and when we recovered from our surprise we found we had made two impressions; the first was upon our clean linen coat, the second was upon the minds of the hands in the office. We shall ever retain that impression for the present.

We continued on through the office committing blunders and asking questions too numerous to mention in a serious article like this. On coming round to a lie-leach, we inquired our foreman that making Soft Soap in this office was played out.

At last we brought up near the stand where the youngest looking individual in the *shop* was standing. We we were burning for information, but how to obtain it without showing ourself in our true light, was the question. At last a happy thought struck us; we will put our interrogations in such a manner that the youth will think we are trying to ascertain how far he is advanced in his profession. We asked him if he knew the name and use of all those fat strips of brass we saw laying round there? The youth, I believe, he has another cognomen in this office, gave us a look in which we could read: You can't come it old *Killer*, and sept on setting these little things on end which we had seen enough to believe were type. We turned and left the spot, remarking as we went: You will soon get the bang of these things? Just at this time the foreman turned to us and says: Colonel, will you have the goodness to turn the Alligator?

By this time we were getting a little suspicious that we had made a failure in attempting to play that we knew all about this business. We turned to our foreman and said, in our blandest style: Sir, in the purchase of this office, our bill of sale covers all and everything belonging to the office, but in that bill of sale there is no mention of an Alligator, nor any other reptile that we know of. The foreman, with an inverted face, informed us that he did not allude to that species of the reptile tribe known as the *Alligator*, but simply to a press, which for certain peculiarities was called the Alligator, and he simply wished some one to turn the crank while he struck off some bills.

We informed him that the explanation was satisfactory and that we were ready to do the material, and after having performed that duty to the entire satisfaction of our foreman we repaired to our sanctum.

We were scarcely seated, and before we had assumed a dignified position a nice young lady appeared at the door with "have you any copy, sir." Wreathing our face in smiles and trying to effect a dimple in three score worn cheeks of fifty summers, we said, "a copy of what, my lady." She said something to "set up." Seeing our blank look, she said something to put in your next paper. Ah! I understand you perfectly; we had an extract from one of our exchanges, with comments of our own, which we handed to her. After looking at the article a moment, she says, "what kind of type shall I use in setting up the extract?" With a hussky voice we said, "What kind of type have we, madam?" "We have Pica, Nonpareil, Brevier, Long Primer, Eighty Line Green, Eight Line Tuscan, open and shaded, Four Line Pica ornamented—" "Stop," says she, that will do; use the Eighty Line Pica.

After a dreadful struggle to suppress a laugh at our expense, she said, "will not that type be to large?" "How large are they, madam?" we enquired. "They are nearly or quite half of a foot long."

The first thing that we can recollect after that was that we were settling in our arm chair ordering our son "Hal" to go down on the streets and see if he could find anybody to buy us out.

Whose Child is He?

Soon after King Solomon was anointed king, a case was laid before him where two women laid claims to a live child, each claiming that the others child was dead. Then, said the king, the one saith this is my son, and the other saith, nay, but thy son is dead, and my son is living. And the king said, bring me a sword, and they brought a sword before the king. And he said, cut the child in two, and give half to the one, and half to the other. That device of the wise judge brought out the true mother.

We have been forcibly reminded of the above case in looking over our exchanges. In many of the leading republican papers, General Lucius Fairchild is held out as the only man to head the republican ticket for Governor. The Appleton *Crescent*—democratic bad—in a long article puts forth a ticket for the democratic party, which he, Sen. Ryan, tells us was made up by an unadulterated democrat. At the head of this ticket stands the name of General Lucius Fairchild, for Governor. Now, who owns the child? We propose that Governor Lewis call a convention of republicans and an equal number of democrats, and array them, the one on one side and the other on the other, and put General Fairchild in the midst thereof, and General Gaylord be ordered to bring in a sword and cut the child in two, and give half to the one, and half to the other, and see what party will back down. We want this thing settled before either party makes a nomination.

BIT BY A COPPERHEAD.—A few days since a little daughter of Mr. Sella, of the town of Rockvale, was bitten by a copperhead snake. For some days her life was endangered, but we understand that she is now slowly recovering.—*Ogle County Reporter.*

These *critters* have been doing a good deal of biting within the last two or three years. They bit an uncle of ours, Uncle Sam, right in the back. They are great back biters, and they always strike from behind. For nearly two years it was thought Uncle Sam was a *goner*. He had to suspend business in foreign lands, and could hardly manage his own affairs. He tried a great many physicians without getting any relief. At last he sent for Dr. Grant, of Illinois, who applied some of his anti-copperhead, anti-slavery, boil dog, combustible preparations, and they brought the old fellow out all right. He is now attending to his business all over the world again. All the foreign nations were dreadful glad to see him on his legs again. They never wanted him to die, of course they didn't.

Racine House.

Among all the old time relics now left in Racine there is nothing that so much reminds one of the old settlement of Racine as the old Racine House. There it stands, precisely as it did twenty years ago, to all external appearances, while everything else has given way to time and the march of progress.—The old house sits there as quietly and unobtrusitously as an aged saint, who, after having kept the commandments through a long life, now sits patiently, awaiting for the spirit to be relieved from its earthly clog, that it may fly away to the land of promise. The old house has had its spirits, but their tendency has always been downward. How many thousands that are now living, can say, we stopped at the Racine House; its a good place to stay. How many are there who have said the same thing that have passed away, and have gone to that larger and better kept mansion, though the old house has at times been as well kept as any house of the kind on the globe. The bar room has been the forum where all the great questions that have come before the American people within the last twenty-five years, have been discussed, interspersed with horse talk and city gossip. If all the yarns, stories and puns that have been told in the bar room within that period of time, could be written out, the bar room could not hold them. It is still the center of attraction for a large number of persons, who stroll out to meet their country friends, and talk over the news. There are a few of the old settlers left, who occasionally get together in the bar room, and live over again the early settlement of the city, by telling yarns to the uninitiated of all recent comers. It would be tedious to give all the changes and names of all the different proprietors who have flourished in the house since its erection; it would be as lengthy as the genealogy of the children of Israel. But among them all there has never been a more whole-souled, genial fellow than the present proprietor, Mr. JOHN VAN VALKENBERG. John can keep a hotel that will make any one rejoice who comes in sight of it. The rich are widely cared for and the poor never go away empty. But among the many attractions about the house there is nothing more pleasing to the old customers than the clerk, Mr. JAMES KELLY. Everybody knows JIM; he has been seen at the Racine House under every dynasty, on all important occasions, for the last twenty years. And there he is to-day, just as active and attentive, and looking just as young as he did years ago, when he informed the indignant lady that there was an erring female in the parlor. The old house has an attraction for us, for it was there we spent many of our happiest and most prosperous days.—And now to Jones and Jimmy the old house place and prosperity for the full term of years allotted to man and house.

A Visit to the Harbor.

A few days since, we had occasion to visit the harbor for the first time in a number of years. We were very much surprised at the appearance of Orff among the warehouses and along the docks. The piers are being substantially and thoroughly repaired, and preparations are being made for building the Light House on the end of the North pier, which will give us one of the best harbors on the lakes.

Twenty odd years ago we landed in Racine; at that time there was a "rock in the harbor." The pressings were taken from steamboats on scows and in yawls; we recollect that among the men who came to the boat when we landed was A. P. DARROW. PERRY, at that time, had stuck his stakes on the line between commerce and agriculture, and there he stands to-day, the king bee. No one can get between him and navigation. His elevator stands there like the Rock of Gibraltar; you can't move it either way. At the time we first saw PERRY, he was a single man, but he has since married, and with his usual energy in business matters, has produced a large number of exact duplicates of himself. PERRY's boys takes to a warehouse as naturally as a duck takes to water. To illustrate it, we had some horses to put on the steamer; we went into the office to see PERRY. We found one of the little duplicates there, about two feet high. We asked for the old man, and was told he was not there; we told him we wanted to put some horses on the boat. He wanted to know if we wanted them billed, and we said we did, supposing that he would run for his father, but instead of that he climbed upon a stool and threw open a ledger plenty large enough to make him a bed and billed the horses all right, and any amount of other stuff, and there was not any old man there, either. We came away fully convinced that age and size was of no account, provided you have the right blood.

Erratta.

In looking over an article in our last issue under the head of "Personal," we placed Judge NOODLE and ourself in a very ridiculous position. In reading the article in question one would naturally suppose that the subject of bringing the Judge out for some office was discussed between us. In Justice to the Judge, we must say that nothing of the kind was spoken of during his visit; it was simply a suggestion of our own. It was our first attempt at being smart, and we made a failure.

TO SCOTTSMEN.—The game laws of Illinois have been changed to the 15th of August.—So don't take the cars on the first, to have a day's shooting. They are mighty particular out that way in such killing matters as shooting out of season.

Racine.

Racine looks dull! Of course it looks dull to you chaps that come from Milwaukee and Chicago, where everybody is running on the streets hunting for something to eat, or something to do. The life of Racine is not on the streets; go to the workshops, the lumber yards, the warehouses and depot of the Racine & Mississippi Railroad and see if it looks dull there. Speaking of that railroad—under the present efficient management, the R. & M. R. R. is doing a better business than any one road in the state. The fact is, with their present facilities, which was once thought to be ample, they cannot do one-half the business which is offered them at this time of the year; when the new crop comes in, they will have to double their rolling stock and lay another track, and Mr. THOMSON will do it if it is really necessary.

No, the streets of Racine are not blocked up with pickpockets. "Nobody's got anything in their pockets to pick!" Have'nt, eh! Racine folks don't carry all they have got in their vest pocket, and haul it out every time they meet anyone. See their bank accounts; that will tell the story! Besides, did'nt one of our most wordy ministers go to Chicago to see our murdered President with twenty dollars in his pocket—which goes to show the prosperity and generosity of his flock—and did'nt some of you chaps get it before he had been there an hour? Don't talk! Our streets are not thronged with loafers, standing on the corners gazing at every lady that passes. And we have got the prettiest lot of girls that ever were gazed at by sinful man.

No, you can't blot Racine out, so long as it is bound to the Mississippi River by the Racine & Mississippi Railroad. Racine is an institution, and the JOURNAL is a going to let everybody know it, too.

SUGGESTIVE FACTS ON ADVERTISING.—The advertisement in an ordinary number of the London *Times* exceed 2,500, the annual advertising bill of one London firm are said to amount to $200,000; and three others are mentioned who annually expend for the same purpose $50,000. The expense for advertising the eight editions of the Encyclopedia Brittanica, is said to have been $15,000. It is also asserted that $10,000,000 a year are expended in England in extra advertising, by circulars, handbills and placards. In large cities, nothing is more common than to see large business establishments, which seem to have an immense advantage over all competitors by wealth, experience, and prestige, they have required, drop gradually out of public view, and be succeeded by firms of a smaller capital, more energy, and more determination to have the fact that they sell such and such commodities known from one end of the land to the other. In other words, the new establishments advertise; the old die of dignity. The former are ravenous to pass out of obscurity into publicity; the latter believe that their publicity is so obvious that it cannot be obscured. The first understand that they must thrust themselves on public attention or be disregarded; the second having once obtained public attention, suppose they have arrested it permanently, while in fact nothing is more characteristic of the world than the ease with which it forgets.

THE Chilton *Times* notices the return of Generals Sweet and Hobart, to their homes that quite little town. We recollect well when the Generals under consideration first came to Madison to offer themselves to their country. We had something to do with accepting them and sending them out. We are proud of them. They have made a glorious record. Chilton has the honor of two generals, and both good ones, and we suppose they have sent lots of privates that have done their duty just as well and just as faithfully as the Generals have. The Generals will say so themselves. Treat the generals well, but don't forget the privates.

For the Journal.

COLONEL SANDERS.—A recent number of the New York *Herald* contains a favorable notice of Colonel Horace T. Sanders, of this city. This notice alludes to his promotion as Brevet Brigadier, and in commenting some of the Colonel's valuable services, speaks of his having raised his regiment and equipped it at his own expense—of injuries he received at Drury's Bluff—of the value of his eminent legal attainments on court martials, and of his having served from the beginning without a furlough.

The Madison *Journal* copies this notice from the *Herald*, and, in a few brief comments, questions the truth of all the *Herald's* statements. The citizens of Racine have reason to know that they are true. The editor of the JOURNAL was Adjutant General of the State at the time, and his knowledge upon the subject of Colonel Sanders' having clothed his regiment is clear and positive. As to the other matters, whether important or not, they are equally true.

We see no reason for discrediting the *Herald's* statements, except that of a pertinacious habit prevalent at the capitol to disparage men who do not happen to be in favor with those who assume the responsibility of running our State political machinery.—Colonel Sanders has not ceased to labor for the Union cause since the very commencement of the war, and not unlike many others who have done their fighting in the field, he has been exposed to the fire of an enemy in front, and an enemy in the rear.

A CITIZEN.

It is stated that the illustrious Admiral Dupont, United States navy, whose unexpected death it so deeply mourned by the government and the country, bequeathed in his will the sum of $175,000 to the great asylum for the education and relief of the orphan children of the sailors and soldiers of the Republic, to be organized in this city.—That is the amount of Admiral Dupont's prize money during his brilliant services on the south Atlantic blockading squadron. He died possessed of a handsome fortune of his own.

THE Hon. Joseph A. Wright, recently appointed Minister, will leave for Prussia about the 1st of August.

From the Chicago Republican.

Jeff. Davis.

WASHINGTON, July 17.

Jeff. Davis will be tried here, before a military commission, for complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln.

Hancock's Corps will be distributed in detachments over the northern and western states.

Mendicancy at Richmond.

Last week 8,500 whites were fed on rations issued by the government, while only 2940 colored men drew rations at the same time. Applications for pardon are so numerous that extra clerks are employed to register them.

President Jonnson's health is good. His reception of the 17th was crowded.

Secretary SEWARD's health is much improved.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, July 17.

The President has appointed Thos. Max well Dist Tax Com. for Ala. Calvin Brown of N. J., Consul at Augsburg; Aaron Gregg, of Tenn., Consul at Kingston, Jamaica; J. H. Gibbon, Assayer of the Branch Mint at Charlotte, N. C. Chas. Durkee, formerly U. S. Senator from Wis., Gov. of Utah; W. H. Wallace, Gov of Idaho, in place of Caleb Lyon.

From Boston.

BOSTON, July 17.

The *Traveller* learns that a number of rebel Generals have been released from Fort Warren.

Shooting Affair at Madison.

A shooting affair occurred this noon, Captain Henry Curran, of the 5th regiment, being shot in the breast by Burt Wicks, a noted gambler and faro-bank keeper.

From Texas—Exodus of Leading Rebels—Feeling of the Peoples—Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A Galveston correspondent gives additional accounts of the exodus of the rebels from Texas to Mexico. The rebel General Shelby, with 3,000 of his followers, and accompanied by ex-Governors Moore and Allen, of Louisiana, and other extinguished political luminaries of the late Confederacy, were on the way. They had transportation and supplies for six months, and all were armed with weapons which they failed to surrender to the national government in accordance with the terms of Kirby Smith's capitulation. They professed, through, that they were merely going to Mexico as emigrants, and not to fight for either the Republican or Imperialists. Many of the Texas people, who choose or are compelled to remain in their own state, are much embittered against these fugitives, and especially the leaders, who flee from the trouble into which they have succeeded in getting their helpless dupes. Those who stay behind are deeply engrossed and agitated just now over the reconstruction, amnesty, and free labor questions, and are casting about for the ways and means of surmounting the general prostration in which the war has left all manner of industry in the state.

It is estimated that there still remain in Texas from 100,000 bales of the old crop of cotton, while, owing to various unfavorable circumstances, it is thought this year's crop will not exceed 50,000 bales. It is also calculated that there are within the state, accumulated during the war, 5,000,000 pounds of wool.

From New York.

NEW YORK, July 14.

Gold still tends strongly upward. There is very little regular demand, and the shorts are able to borrow what they want for making deliveries at 1-32 per cent. per day.

The bulls are holding their large stock of the market, and argue the next steamer will report a decline in 5-20's at London, thereby strengthening the price of gold.

Gold touched 145½ this morning.

The *Commercial* says the proprietor and employees of the Museum are thoroughly convinced that the fire was the work of incendiaries. The fire was first discovered in the basement, and on immediately running to the roof to turn on the water from a large tank, the flames were discovered bursting out on the 2d floor, on the 3d floor near the stage of the lecture room), and on the top floor. The treasurer, Mr. Tilney, who had gone to the roof to turn on the water, found his exit cut off and was obliged to descend from the upper windows by leaping to the balcony below. Returning to his office he took from his safe $300,000 in Government bonds and left the building.

The manager had lately received anonymous letters containing threats of burning the building on account, it is supposed, of the play of "Jeff in petticoats." Among the works of art saved at the Museum yesterday was the Greek slave; also 24 gigantic pictures, illustrating Washington's battles, painted by John McNevin, which were soon to be exhibited as a panorama. Fortunately they had not yet been taken into the Museum building, but stored elsewhere. The giantess Anna Swan had a narrow escape. She was found at the head of the stairs in a swooning condition from the effects of the smoke, and was with difficulty assisted out of the building. She lost everything except the clothes she wore.

The wax figure of Jeff. Davis was carried out, but just as the street was reached, its head dropped off. It was afterwards found suspended to a lamp post.

A soldier was forced to jump from the 3d story window. He says he had in his company James Burns, of Lancaster, Pa., a member the 69th N. Y. infantry, and it is feared he perished.

The monster bear was lowered from an upper window on a ladder by a chain attached to his neck. He was very docile. The learned seal was also got out, though he fought against the rough treatment he received.—The tanks holding the whale and alligator were broken to let the water flood the building leaving their occupants to roast rather than boil.

Barnum, who was at Bridgeport, telegraphed to have his agent ready to sail to Europe on Saturday to secure curiosities for a new museum.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says it is not true that 80,000 troops have been sent to Texas.

The whole force in that country consists of only 14,000 men, being parts of two army corps, the 13th and 25th, and it will be distributed over the whole State.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

Departure of Trains.		Closing of Mails	
GOING SOUTH—	5.53 A. M.		8.00 A. M.
" "	5.33 P. M.		5.10 P. M.
Freight,	7.00 A. M.		
GOING NORTH—	11.07 noon.		11.30 A. M.
" "	7.15 P. M.		6.40 P. M.
Freight,	5.00 A. M.		
GOING WEST—	10.00 A. M.		9.30 A. M.
" "	5.15 P. M.		5.15 P. M.
Freight,	8.00 P. M.		

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 28th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	5.45 P. M.
Night Passenger	4.30 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Woodstock Accommodation	3.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Janesville Passenger	6.15 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.30 P. M.	9.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS.

Fulton and Cedar Rapids Pass.	8.35 A. M.	7.50 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	9.30 P. M.
Dixon Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Iowa River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Geneva Accommodation	5.30 P. M.	8.40 A. M.
Night Express Passenger	7.00 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.15 P. M.	4.20 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport going East Sunday night instead of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago Sunday night instead of Saturday. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

C. M. WHEELER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Supt.

City News, July 17th, 1865.

We have received an anonymous communication under the above head, directed to the ladies of the Soldiers' Aid Society, reflecting upon certain parties on aged in throwing a soldier's wife and children out into the street. It was certainly very rough, if the statement of our correspondent is correct, but there is always two sides to a question. We cannot publish any communications without the writer's name.

MAILS FOR NEW YORK.—The evening mail for New York City will close until further notice, at 6:30 p. m. Letters sent by this mail go direct in a through pouch. Minnesota mails—save those for the southern tier of counties—will also go quicker if mailed by the evening train at the time named.

JOHN TAPLEY, Postmaster.

WHAT'S THE MATTER?—Our office has been thronged from day morn to rosy eve, with anxious inquirers for the Milwaukee papers of yesterday and to day. In fact, so great has been the rush that we found it impossible to proceed with our usual business, and we have been compelled to arrange the seekers of valuable information in a row. One by one they came in and looked over the Milwaukee papers, and one by one they laid them down, with a smothered groan or a deep drawn sigh. Mournfully smiling they marched sadly away, with a subdued tread. The last unfortunate who has made his exit was our blooming friend Smith, who is considerably located at Savanna. He too wanted to see the Milwaukee papers. We handed them to him, and a solemn silence of ten minutes ensued as his eyes ran over the list of prizes. Suddenly he laid them down, and never shall we forget the look of agony that convulsed his manly countenance. "He turned and left the spot; Oh, do not deem him weak," for he had a ticket in the lottery at the fair, and don't draw anything. So far as we can learn there haven't been many *pianos* drawn in this city, judging from the countenances of those who called at this office to see the Milwaukee papers.

LAST Saturday evening our worthy citizens were once more humbugged by a juggle performance. The entertainment opened with an elaborate and fearfully scientific expose of the so-called spiritual manifestations. We endeavored to follow the magician in his train of argument, but we must confess that before he was half through we were in a condition similar to that of a friend of ours, who once had the honor to serve as a juryman in a justice court. One of the "counsel learned in the law" made use of the word "hereditaments." Our friend, not fully comprehending, sprung to his feet, exclaiming: "Stop the Court, the jury's fogged." After the expose was concluded, which ought to have convinced any believer in spirits that he was laboring under a delusion, the professor entertained his audience by a series of old tricks, which every juggler in the country has been performing for the last quarter of a century. Upon the whole we think that it was as bungling a performance as we have ever seen.

AN American citizen of African descent, some years since, prevailed upon a white woman to become the partner of his joys and sorrows "through this vale of tears."—Time sped happily with them, and misegenation seemed in his case to be a decided success. Year after year he toiled on, no doubt encouraged and cheered by her he called his own. Year after year he added to his little store, until it reached the respectable sum of six hundred dollars. Then indeed was he a happy man. The future lay before him rich with promise. But, alas! how uncertain are he joys of this life. In an evil hour he left his home and greenbacks, to be gone only a few short weeks. Little thinking what wretchedness was in store for him, never for a moment dreaming that she who, like Ruth, had made "his people her people," could betray him, on his return it was then he found out that he had nourished a viper in his bosom; that the woman he had loved so fondly had proved faithless and false, and that she had sold the furniture in his house and fled, taking with her the six hundred dollars. Let this be a solemn warning to all colored aspirants for white wives. Remember that any connection with the "poor white trash" has always been to the disadvantage of the "culled pusson."

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Mr. JOHN PRITCHARD, an employee of the Railroad, was seriously injured by being thrown from his wagon.—As he was passing the round house, his horse took fright and ran away with him, throwing him out upon his head. He was picked up senseless, and it was feared that he was fatally injured. We have not learned the full extent of his injuries.

MR. JONES has opened the photograph gallery formerly occupied by GEORGE THOMAS, 142 Main street. We dropped in there yesterday afternoon, and took a look at the place, and we must confess that we were agreeably surprised; it was fitted up so much better than we expected. There is not a finer gallery in the state. Mr. JONES is now in running order and is prepared to take greenbacks and fractional currency, for which he will return an equivalent in the shape of *carte de visites* or ambrotypes, as his customers may desire. He has also a splendid assortment of photographs from all the celebrated paintings and engravings, which are well worth the time in looking over.

MARK well that BURTON & ELLIOT, who are located permanently, we hope, on the corner of Sixth and Wisconsin streets, have constantly on hand a large stock of salt and dried meats. They will also furnish their customers with fresh meats. The fatted calf is killed daily, and fathers who are waiting for the return, not of prodigals, but of brave boys from the wars, had better call and get a quarter and make merry with them. Incipient sheep meat, the sight of which brings pleasant thoughts of green peas and new potatoes, can be had there. The highest price will be paid for live stock.

Racine and Mississippi R. R.

Statement of Freight shipped by Racine and Mississippi R. R., from Racine Station, from June 20th to June 27th, 1865:

Lumber, M.	426
Shingles, M.	192
Lath, M. feet,	472
Mace, lbs,	12 000
Agricultural Implements, lbs,	51 000
Wood, Cords,	115
Tow R. R. iron,	90
Lime, bbls,	52
Tan Bark, cords,	67

FROM JUNE 27TH TO JULY 4TH.

Lumber, M.	270
Shingles, M.	141
Lath, M.	101
Wood, Cords,	384
Tan Bark, Cords,	75
Posts, cords,	49
Salt, bbls,	700
Cord, Tow,	24
R. R. iron,	100
Mace, lbs,	48 000
Agricultural Implements, lbs,	86 000

FROM JULY 4TH TO JULY 11TH.

Lumber, M.	356
Shingles, M.	63
Lath, M. feet,	140
Wood, cords,	50
R. R. iron, Tons,	240
Salt, bbls,	400
Lime, bbls,	50
Mace, lbs,	70 000

FROM JULY 11TH TO JULY 18TH.

Lumber, M.	475
Shingles, M.	115
Lath, M. feet,	40
Wood, cords,	111
R. R. Iron, Tons,	350
Tow, " Tons,	4 000
Salt, bbls,	600
Coal, Tons,	51
Mace, lbs,	55 000

J. G. BALDWIN, Ag't.

RACINE, July 18, 1865.

Receipts of produce by Racine & Mississippi Railroad, at Racine station from June 20th to June 27th.

Wheat, bushels	58 734
Corn "	11 195
Oats "	25 150
Flour, barrels	760
Sundries, pounds	45 000

FROM JUNE 27TH TO JULY 4TH.

Wheat, bushels	52 576
Corn "	17 215
Oats "	13 000
Flour, barrels	775
Sundries, pounds	55 000

FROM JULY 4TH TO JULY 11TH.

Wheat, bushels	26 181
Corn "	16 000
Oats "	5 500
Flour, barrels	900
Sundries, pounds	44 000

FROM JULY 11TH TO JULY 18TH.

Wheat, bushels	79 150
Corn "	5 000
Oats "	1 000
Flour, barrels	900
Sundries, pounds	26 000

J. G. BALDWIN, AGT.

☞ Kidder & Harris, of the old City Tea Mart, presented us a specimen of uncolored Gunpowder Tea which we have no hesitancy in pronouncing a superior article. We recommend all lovers of Tea to try it.

Kidder & Harris have any amount of other fixings too numerous to mention, which they will sell as low as they can be bought any where this side of the lakes.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE.—The amount of money collected and paid out by Messrs. VAUGHAN and SCHNEIDER of the Finance Committee for the celebration on the 4th of July is as follows, viz:

Total amount collected	$661 65
Paid for fire works	$303 69
" " music	156 50
" " salutes	74 30
" " tables on park	25 00
" " fire companies	40 00
" " printing	20 20
To Geo Barrows, injured in setting off fire works	39 96
	$661 65

JOHN TAPLEY,
Chairman General Committee.

To the Agents of Racine County representing First Class Mowing Machines:

For the purpose of testing the respective qualities of the several machines, I would say that I will bet from $50 to $500 that I am making as good a Mower as there is sold in this market, the judges to be selected from the farmers of this county by the parties as they can agree; the committee to consist of five persons, who will judge of all the respective qualities of the machines on trial, as to the amount of ground cut, the quality of the work, the draught, durability, etc. The time for trial to be fixed by the parties, and the money to go to the credit of the Poor Fund of this county.

july5-tf THOS. FALVEY.

Advocate please copy.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—John Beck has just received a new and splendid stock of Boots and Shoes, of new and choice styles, which he offers to sell 25 per cent less than they can be purchased elsewhere. The public are invited to call and examine his stock, and test the prices. He is disposed to make quick sales, and will close out this new lot at lower rates than have been purchased in Racine for a long time.

April 5th.

SECOND HAND furniture bought and sold at the old stand of J. TORLINSON.

All kinds of picture framing done to order. Rear of Ullman's bank, corner of Fourth and Main streets, Racine, Wis. 2w

GOOD.—Miss LOUISE LAWTON, of Yorkville, was the fortunate holder of the ticket that drew the $100 cornet at the musical raffle for the Soldiers' Home Fair. We believe that Miss LAWTON is the only person in the county who drew a prize at this raffle.

NOTICE.—The undersigned inform the public that he has disposed of the JOURNAL office to Col. WM. L. UTLEY. He has also disposed of the accounts due him for advertising and subscription from the 24th May, 1865. Col. Utley will carry out all contracts for advance subscription and advertising made by the undersigned. The undersigned is ready to pay his debt as usual on demand.

C. CLAMSET.

Racine July 12, 1865. tf

FOUND, on the sidewalk, in front of W. L. NEEDHAM clothing store, a wallet containing a small amount of money which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement.

G. C. BURGESS.

Racine July 10, 1865.

WE notice LAWTON BROS. have just received a sorghum mill, evaporator and fixtures complete, which they have sold to A. L. BAKER, of Yorkville. We would advice all who are interested in sorghum to call and see the above mill before it is sent out.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* announces the arrival of General Braxton Bragg. It says: "Like all the Generals of the Confederate army, he recognizes the march of events, and is only ambitious now to retire, as before the war, and fulfill the duties of an American citizen."

H. STONE & SON, druggists, have just received a large supply of self-sealing fruit cans of assorted sizes. Call and see them.

CHANGE OF TIME.—The steam boats will leave the dock at 9 P. M. going to Chicago, instead of 10½ P. M., as heretofore.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.—The Secretary of the Treasury has determined, in view of the enormous outlays of the Government at present, in paying off the army, etc., that he will pay only twenty-five per cent. of all allowed claims in currency, and issue the rest in certificates of indebtedness.

AGRICULTURAL.—At a meeting of the Board of the Racine Agricultural Society, held at Burlington, July 14th, it was unanimously resolved that the next exhibition of this Society should be held Oct. 3d, 4th and 5th, 1865. J. W. BUELL, S

Racine Journal.

Wool Trade.

A few days ago we received the following inquiry from a commission wool house in St. Louis, Missouri:

"In your issue of the 6th inst., in the wool report, we read as follows: "Manufacturers are determined to accept neither unwashed, half washed, nor washed bucks, except at a discount of one-third." Being unacquainted with the mode of conducting the wool trade in New York, you will much oblige by explaining it in an editorial, especially the extract above."

There are few persons engaged in the wool business who are not aware that it has long been a custom to deduct one third from the weight of unwashed fleeces, this being about the average which they would shrink more than those which have been well washed; but there are a large number of fleeces in every purchase which are in such a condition, that it has always been a matter of controversy between buyer and seller whether the sheep had ever been in the water, or not, the seller invariably claiming that they had, the buyer maintaining that they never had. If the dealers were very anxious to sell, then the buyers argument prevailed; but if the anxiety of the buyer exceeded that of the dealer, then the weight of the argument was on the side of him who sold, and the wool was declared to be washed. But this controversy has been brought to a close the last Winter and the present Spring; and all fleeces about which the slightest doubt may be raised, and those which both would agree the sheep had been in the water, but was badly washed, are classed with the unwashed, and subject to the same deduction. Bucks' fleeces about which there was no doubt, all parties agreeing that they were washed, yet the ends of the staples being full of gum, and the staple full of grease, and though manufacturers never claimed any deduction for them before, they never liked to purchase them if they could avoid it. These are now subjected to the same deduction; so that the custom may now be said to be fairly established in all the Eastern markets, to deduct for all wool which does not give unmistakable evidence of having been well washed, and all washed bucks' fleeces one-third of the weight.

Since the washed and unwashed bucks' fleeces are both subject to the same deduction, we do not in the future expect to meet with many washed bucks' fleeces, and we hope that the system which has been inaugurated will work the great object for which it is intended—that of compelling dealers to make a close examination of the condition of all fleeces before they purchase. This will be one of the greatest benefits that ever came to the farmer who washes his wool well and brings it in good condition into the market. Neither will any, we think, be so foolish as to risk a deduction of one-third for allowing their sheep just to swim through the water, but they will either wash well or not at all.

Should this system work well during the coming wool season, we expect another year to see a campaign against heavy strings. We may expect a deduction on account of extra weight of strings of about 5 per cent. The sheep shearing season is close at hand, and it is very important that the farmers should understand these things in order that they may act understandingly and prepare for the great change which appears now to be awaiting them. He who has always labored hard to bring his wool into the market in good condition will rejoice that a brighter day is just about to dawn, and that he is going to reap the long delayed reward which is sooner or later the reward of him who never wearies in well doing. The adoption of the system to which we have referred has been a serious loss to the dealers during this season stagnation, for a great many had bought indiscriminately, without much reference to either washed or unwashed. If they met with a farmer who did not wash at all, his wool would be bought for unwashed, but during washing some sheep will get away from the washers either before or after going into the water; these have frequently been sold to dealers for washed wool, and now when they are submitted to a very rigid examination, and this class of wool thrown out and subject to a deduction of one-third the wsight, it comes at a time when they are little able to bear such a deduction, for, when added to the fall off in price from what they bought at, it makes a heavy loss, and if added to what they might have sold for last Fall, it makes that loss such a tremendous one, and produces such an impression upon their minds that we do not expect to find them buying without seeing the wool is in such a condition that it can be bought without being liable to a deduction when in the Eastern market; and those farmers that have been in the habit of only half washing their wool may expect that the day has gone by when they can receive as much for it as those who wash well. Depend upon it, that nothing but washed wool, done up in the best possible manner, will bring the best price, and he who would stand at the head of his neighbors for obtaining the best price must have the best wool, the best washed, and no more string than just sufficient to properly tie the fleece.—*N. Y. Economist.*

How to Bring Meat Men to Terms.—The New York *Times*, of Thursday, says: "The heavy fall in the price of meat, which was recorded in our last, involves a lesson to both buyers and sellers. The weather was intensely hot, it is true, but that was not the reason why the Washington market butchers sat idle, and finally had to throw away what they could not sell at five or six cents a pound. The public would not buy, and will not. The price must come much lower before they will. Meanwhile the drovers have, by their extreme folly, given a great impetus to the jerked or infiltrated beef enterprise, and will soon find that, for the sake of a temporary excess of profit, they have raised up a permanent and effective competitor in the supplying of meat.

A Sad Calamity.—The storehouse of Carpenter & Brother, of State Center, which was used in part also, we believe, as a residence, was blown down by the storm of last Wednesday afternoon. A daughter of Mr. Carpenter, about eight years old, was killed, his wife and a younger child severely injured. It is feared the child will not survive. We are informed that the pecuniary loss of Messrs. C. was about $4000.—*Marshal County (Iowa) Times, 5th.*

Employment of Women in Paris.

I am induced to say a word upon the very numerous employments to females in France which are not open to them at home. The books of nine-tenths of the retail shops in Paris are kept by women. I do not remember a coffee-house in the city, the counter of which is not presided over by a woman. The box-offices of the theatres are tended by women, not only those of the evening, but those open during the day for the sale of reserved places. The box-openers and audience-seaters are women. And not only do women act as sellers in such establishments, as are naturally fitted for them, but in groceries, hardware shops, wood-yards, fruit-shops, butcheries, etc. In these places the book-keeper is a woman fenced in and separated from the rest by a frame work of glass. The ticket sellers at the railwayway stations are principally women. I have had the pleasure of purchasing a seat daily of a good looking young person of about twenty-four years. From appearances I would say she was engaged to the conductor of the four o'clock train. Women even guard the stations, and some of the less frequented crossings. Women cry the rate of exchange every afternoon after the Bourse hours; and more numbers of the newspapers are disposed of by women than by men. I never yet saw a newsboy in France. In the porter's lodges in the city there are as many portresses as porters, and a landlord would prefer to take for this service a woman without a husband, than a man without a wife. In small houses, where only one person is required, that one person is a woman. Omnibus conductors submit their way-bills at the transfer offices to women, for inspection and ratification. Women let donkeys for rides to Montmorency, and saddle them too. Women undertake the moving of furniture, agree with you as to price, and you find them quite as responsible as men. Without multiplying instances, you will see that a number of avenues open to females here, which in England are closed. There are other capacities in which women are employed in France, which I trust and believe would never be accepted by women at home. A brigade of street sweepers contains an equal number of males and females. There are female chiffonniers and old clo'women. A complete establishment of a fruit and vegetable pedlar, consists of a cart, a man to shout and sell, and a woman and a horse harnessed into straps to drag. In the the country, women labor in the field, and thresh and winnow in the barns. I might say that, from a motive of pity, I employed an old grandmother to weed an alley and tend a strawberry bed and hawthorne grove, in which I take an unusual interest, considering they grow on land not my own.

A Cholera Plague in Europe.

From the London Telegraph, June 22.

The cholera is on its travels—that fierce and pitiless plague, which has its residence in the East, but sallies forth at periodical intervals to decimate West, North and South. From time to time we hear of the visitation in distant places, deaths by the wholesale in Central Asia, deaths in Southern Russia, regiments disbanded by death on Indian marches, and rivers choked with corpses in the islands of the Eastern Ocean. The last Red Sea news brought word that Mecca and Medina are this year vast lazar houses of cholera-smitten victims, the pilgrims perishing all along the road to the shrines from Jeddo and the southern ports, and Sheiks who had come to kiss the Kaaba turning back in horror, with their trains, to succumb in tents and houses where they had shut themselves up. Already Egypt has been reached, and the fellahs there are perishing by thousands; so much so that the Italian and French harbors are shut against vessels from Alexandria. Marseilles has kept all the mail boats in quarantine ever since two moribund passengers were landed in the Joliette; and at last we ourselves have been obliged to confront a peril that cannot be disregarded. The newspapers and letters which went out of the general post office on Tuesday were sent in boxes instead of bags, to prevent infections being carried out of Egypt by the mail passing through the country. That, indeed, is not a precaution on our own behalf, but it will also be observed with regard to the overland dispatches coming homeward. All the instances we enumerate, and others which might be cited, prove that the cholera is on periodical march.

Patriotic to the Last.—While the battle of South Mountain was raging fiercely, among the many wounded which were brought off was a man who had received a mortal wound, and was evidently in a dying condition. As soon as he was laid down on the grass, I went to see what could be done for him. Life's crimson current was ebbing fast away; his face was ghastly pale, and his eyes were already dim.—"Raise me up—raise me up once more!" said the dying man, earnestly and feebly. "Now, there—that will do. Give me water—water—water." Water was put to his lips, but he could not drink. "Stop," said he, seizing the tin cup with great eagerness. "Here's to my country. Here's to the glorious Stars and Stripes! I die for my country! Boys, never give up!"

His lips quivered and he fell back exhausted. That scene will never be forgotten by those who witnessed it.—There was something about it so thrillingly pathetic, so truly noble and grand, and yet so natural, earnest and honest, that it seemed more a scene than an event on the battle-field. He was buried, along with others, in the orchard near where he fell. Over his honored grave will the apple blossoms fall in fragrant showers of beauty, and the summer birds will warble the notes of a holy requiem.—*Lights and Shadows of Army Life.*

If a train moving at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour were stopped instantaneously, the passengers would experience a concussion equal to that of a body falling from a height of nineteen feet; they would be hurled against the sides of the carriage with a force equal to that which they would be exposed to in falling from a window on the second floor of a house. If the train were moving at the rate of thirty miles per hour, they might as well fall from a height of three pairs of stairs; and an express train would, in point of fact, make them fall from a fourth story. Instantaneous breaks are therefore to be avoided if possible.

What men want in reason for the opinions, they usually supply and make up in a rage.

Humorous.

Mother—"Now, Willy, you have been a very, *very* naughty boy, and the angels won't watch over you; angels don't watch over naughty boys." *Willy*—"Well, don't care if they don't." *Mother*—"O, Willy! for shame! I'm surprised to hear *you* say such a thing as that." *Willy*—Well, I don't; guess they've got to watch over Nelly, here, and they can't help seeing me laying close beside her."

A rather green village editor up country was very desirous of gaining the good graces of the new minister; and, in describing his first entrance into the church, wrote thus: "He is a most venerable sample of antiquity." But to his astonishment and the amazement of all the inhabitants, he came out the next morning in types; "He is a most venerable sample of iniquity."

"My dearest uncle," says a humorous writer, "was the most polite man in the world. He was making a voyage on the Danube, and the boat sunk. My uncle was just on the point of drowning. He got his head above the water for once, took off his hat, and said: 'Ladies and gentlemen, will you please excuse me?' and down he went."

A tavern-keeper in England, who was talking boastingly about his customers, said of one of them: "He is one of the most regular men in Harwick; he comes here and gets drunk every Saturday, and has done the same for ten years, except when his mother died, and that time he came on Sunday. It is a grand thing to be punctual."

A good story is told of a Northern merchant who was eating dinner at the Battle House at the time of the recent explosion in Mobile. Although badly cut by the flying fragments of the windows, he managed to rush to the telegraph office and send a message to his partner to "ship nothing but putty and glass." This duty done he fainted, and has been in a brain fever ever since.

Not long since, a young man entered a fashionable store in Boston, when the young lady who was employed in the store, asked him if he would not like to purchase some perfumery to put in his drawers.

"I don't wear drawers," he replied. Couldn't I put some in my pants just as well?" She fainted.

An undergraduate of Cambridge, being examined for his degree, and failing in every subject upon which he was tried, complained that he had not been questioned on the things that he knew. Upon this the examining master tore off an inch of paper, and, pushing it toward him, desired him to write upon it all he knew.

A gentleman talking to another on the subject of marriage, made the following observation: "I first saw my wife in a storm; carried her to a ball in a storm; courted her in a storm; was published to her in a storm; lived in a storm all her life; but, thank heaven I buried her in pleasant weather."

Not long since an Eastern man on his way to Boston was stopped on the highway by a robber, and requested to hand over his money or have his brains blown out. "Oh," said the traveler, quietly, "blow away; it is better to go to Boston without brains than without money."

A western editor, having an eye upon a rival city, probably, took occasion to vent his opinion, when another replied, and drew out the following neat apology: "In the meantime, if we have said anything that we are sorry for about your city charter, we are glad of it."

Tetotum tells us that a Miss Buchanan, once rallying a brave soldier on his courage, said: Now, Captain ——, do you really mean to tell me you can walk up to the cannon's mouth without fear?" "Yes," was the prompt reply, "or a Buchanan's either." And he did it.

Somebody upon hearing the popular song of "Man the Life Boat," exclaimed, contemptously, "Take him and welcome—but my cry is for Woman the Pleasure Boat."

To open your wife's jewel box and discover a strange gentleman's hair done up as a keepsake. We know nothing that makes an ardent temperament feel more "knifey."

In Ceylon the marriage ceremony is performed by tying the couple together by the thumbs. In this country they are more frequently put together by the ears.

Keeping the Golden Rule.

"Please, sir, will you ring the bell for me?" said a short, fat girl to a tall gentleman who was passing a house before she stood vainly trying to reach the bell-handle. The tall gentleman was either to proud or busy with his own thoughts to give much attention to Miss Annie's request. He merely glanced at her as he brushed past, and said: "Go away! I have nothing for you."

Poor Annie felt pained, for she was a nice little girl, and did not like to be mistaken for a beggar. So she sighed, looked at the door in despair, and said half loud: "O dear, what shall I do?"

Just then a stout boy, with a big basket filled with groceries, came walking towards her.

"I won't ask *him*," said Annie to herself. I don't believe he would help me, and he might make fun of me."

But the boy stopped at the door and put down his basket. He had seen her trouble as he came up the street, and pitied her. His face was full of sunshine as he smiled on Annie, and said: "Can't you reach the bell? Let me ring it for you."

"Oh, I shall be *so* glad," replied Annie. "I've been waiting here ever so long, and I'm *so* tired."

The boy rang the bell, the door was opened and Annie's trouble was ended.

Now, the golden rule, given by Jesus, says: "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do you even so unto them." Did that proud gentleman keep this rule when he gave little Annie that rude answer?

Wheat.—It is an undeniable fact that large fields of wheat are scarcely worth harvesting. Some of our townships will gather a very light crop. In our ride to Cheney's Grove, the other day, we noticed that, for twelve miles east of Bloomington, the wheat looked light and poor, but as we approached the Grove it appeared better, until we came within five miles, when the prospect for both wheat and oats was splendid. We account for thr difference by the fact that the prairie in that in that vicinity was a little sandy, and probably stood the heavy rains in May better than the clayey prairie.—*Bloomington (Ill.) Pantagraph.*

"One drop of strong hartshorn will in an instant remove the pain caused by the sting of a bee, wasp or hornet.

Description of the Gettysburg Monument.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says:

The design of Gettysburg monument is adapted for execution either in marble or granite and bronze, as may be deemed expedient, the material being of course controlled entirely by the amount appropriated. The whole rendering of the design is intended to be purely historical, telling its own story with such simplicity that any discerning mind will readily comprehend its meaning and purpose.

The superstructure is sixty feet high, and consists of a massive pedestal sixty-five feet square at the base, and is crowned with a colossal statute representing the Genius of Liberty. Standing upon a three-quarter globe, she raises with her right hand the victor's wreath of laurel, while with her left she gathers up the folds of our national flag under which the victory has been won.

Projecting from the angles of the pedestal are four buttresses, supporting an equal number of allegorical statutes, representing respectively War, History, Peace and Plenty.

War is personified by a statute of the American soldier, who, resting from the conflict, relates to History the story of the battle which this monument is intended to commemorate.

History, in listening attitude, records with stylus and tablet, the achievements of the field, and the honored dead.

Peace is symbolized by a statute of the American mechanic, characterized by appropriate accessories.

Plenty is represented by a female figure, with a sheaf of wheat and fruits of the earth, typifying peace and abundance as the soldiers' crowning triumph.

The panels of the main die between the statutes are to have inscribed upon them such inscriptions as may hereafter be determined.

The main die of the pedestal is octagon in form, paneled upon each face. The cornice and plinth above are also octagonal, and are heavily moulded. Upon this plinth rests an octagonal moulded base, bearing upon its face, in high relief the national arms.

The upper die and cap are circular in form, the die being encircled by stars equal in number with the States whose sons contributed their lives as the price of the victory won at Gettysburg.

Skinning Gen. Butler's Horse.—About six months ago, while in the neighborhood of the Dutch Gap Canal, Gen. Butler received information that his favorite horse, Almond Eye, had been accidentally killed by falling into a ravine. Upon the departure of his informant, he ordered an Irishman to go and skin him.

"What! is Almond Eye dead?" asked Pat.

"What's that to you?" Do as I bid you, and ask no questions."

Pat went about his business, and in an hour or two returned.

"Well, Pat, where have you been all this time?"

"Skinning the horse, yer honor."

"Does it take nearly two hours to perform such an operation?"

"No, yer honor; but then you see it tuck about half an hour to catch him."

"Catch him! fire and furies! was he alive?"

"Yes, yer honor; and you know I could not skin him alive."

"Skin him alive: did you kill him?"

"To be sure I did: You know I must obey orders without asking any questions."

Gen. Butler eyed his servant with such a malicious look that Pat thought he meditated skinning an Irishman in revenge for the death of his horse

Wouldn't Marry.—The *Presse* of Vienna says: On Monday last a manufacturer of this city was going to celebrate his marriage with a young girl without any fortune. On arriving at the church the intended bridegroom wished to leave his hat in the carriage. He raised it from his head, but unfortunately brought away his wig as well. No sooner did the young lady see the artificial head of hair detached from the skull of her lover than she refused to become his wife, and each returned home, to the great disappointment of the witnesses and others who were present.

Potato Rolls.—Boil four good sized potatoes with their skins on, squeeze them in a towel, to make them dry and mealy, then remove the skins and mash them perfectly smooth, with a spoonful of butter and a little salt; add the yolks of three eggs, well beaten, and stir into potatoes, then add one pint and a half of milk, and a small spoonful of yeast; heat in flour enough to make a stiff dough; set it to rise, and when risen make it into cakes the size of an egg; let them rise again, and bake a light brown.

Economy Cakes.—Rusked bread, or that which is old and sour, can be made into very nice fritters. The bread should be cut in small pieces, and soaked in cold water till very soft. Drain off the water and mash the bread fine.

To three pints of bread thus prepared, add two eggs, four table spoons full of flour, a little salt, one tea spoon of soda in a cup of milk, which must be stirred into the bread, and a little more milk added until thin enough to fry.

Cure for Scab.—The Michigan Farmer's Gazette recommends the following as the best preventive of scab: two ounces white arsenic, two ounces of corrosive sublimate, one pound of saltpetre, one pound of starch, and one quart spirits of turpentine mixed with twenty gallons of water, and applied soon after shearing.

To Drive Away Rats.—A correspondent of the Canada Farmer succeeded in expelling rats from his barn by depositing small bundles of wild pepermint along with his grain as put away in the mow. He thinks it will have this effect every time.

Muffins.—Mix a quart of flour with a pint and half of luke-warm milk, a half a cup of yeast, two eggs, teapoon of salt, two table spoonfulls of luke-warm melted butter; set it in a warm place and let it rise. Butter cups and bake a light brown.

Sweet Tomato Pickles.—Eight pounds peeled tomatoes, four of powdered sugar, cinnamon, cloves, and allspice, each one ounce. Boil one hour and then add a quart of boiling vinegar.

Special Notices.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The sale of the first series of $300,000,000 of the 7-30 Loan was completed on the 31st of March, 1865. The sale of the second series of Three Hundred Millions, payable three years from the 15th day of June, 1865, was begun on the 1st of April. *In the short space of thirty days, over One Hundred Millions of this series have been sold*—leaving this day less than Two Hundred Millions to be disposed of. The interest is payable semi-annually in currency on the 15th of December and 15th of June by Coupons attached to each note, which are readily cashed anywhere. It amounts to

One cent per day on a $50 note.
Two cents " " " $100 "
Ten " " " " $500 "
20 " " " " $1000 "
$1 " " " " $5000 "

More and More Desirable,

The Rebellion is supressed, and the Government has already adopted measures to reduce expenditures as rapidly as possible to a peace footing, thus withdrawing from market as borrower and purchaser.

This is the ONLY LOAN IN MARKET now offered by by the Government, and constitutes the GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

The Seven-Thirty Notes are convertible on their maturity, at the option of the holder, into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent.

GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

Which are always worth a premium.

Free from Taxation.

The 7-30 Notes cannot be taxed by Towns, Cities, Counties or States, and the interest is not taxed unless on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding six hundred dollars a year. This fact increases their value from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

Subscribe Quickly.

Less than $200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within two months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscription to other Loans. *It now seems probable that no considerable amount beyond the present series will be offered to the public.*

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

☞ Subscriptions will be received by the First National Bank, Racine. mar9

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED LETTERS BY ROYAL PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clark, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES.

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on Slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS,
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt St., New York.

N. B.—$1 00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. sep28

Preserve your beauty, symmetry of form, your health and mental powers, by using that Safe, Pleasant, Popular and Specific Remedy known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Read the advertisement in another column, and profit by it—

Diseases and Symptoms Enumerated,
Cut it out and Preserve it. You may not now require it, but may at some future day.

"It gives health and vigor to the frame,
And bloom to the pallid cheek."

It saves long suffering and exposure.
Beware of Counterfeits. Cures Guaranteed.
Jan6-2m

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

They expel the poisons which threaten life. Every time a sick person is purged by this vegetable remedy, he has less vitiated humors and more life and vigor, as any one can prove by taking a single dose. Persons of spare habits gain flesh and strength while using them. Every time we rest a few days or weeks from the purgation, we make new fluids from our food, which replace the unsound ones that the Pills have caused to be evacuated.—Each time we repeat this process, we expel further quantities of impurities, which are again replaced by fluids less and less impure, so that in a short time, by continuing this treatment, we bring back the whole mass of fluids or humors to that state of purity which constitutes health, for Brandreth's Pills only take away humors which are unsound.

Sold by Geo. Gorton and H. Stone, Racine, and by all respectable dealers in medicines. Ask for new style.

Editor of Journal.

Dear Sir: With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
july26 3m 531 Broadway, New York.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than thirty days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post paid, by mail, on receipt of an order. One box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
july20-3m General Agent, 427 Broadway, N. Y.

THE MYSTERIES OF THE TOILET

Are often exposed in consequence of the inefficiency of (so-called) beautifying preparations; but all who use CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE know and feel that their secret is secure.

NO MORTAL EYE

can distinguish the blacks and Browns produced by this dye from those imparted by the Creator.

NO DESTRUCTIVE INGREDIENT,

nothing that can shrivel up or in any way injure the hair, mingles with the preservative vegetable elements of this wonderful preparation.

Manufactured by J. CRISTODORO, 8 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

Price $1, $1 50 and $2 per box, according to size.

Cristodoro's Hair Preservative

is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Price, 50 cents, $1, and per bottle, according to size. apr18-1m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by addressing their address to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York. sep25-1m

MARKED DOWN

FOR

JULY TRADE

DRY GOODS,

CARPETING AND OIL CLOTHS,

AT

D. H. JONES'

136 Main St.

40 PIECES DRESS GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED FOR

JULY TRADE.

VERY LOW

CLOAKS, SACKS & SHAWLS,

At 33 per Cent. Reduction.

We have been giving some

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

TABLE LINEN,

And now we will give you some better, a reduction on them of

30 PER CENT.

"LESS THAN ACTUAL COST!"

We have a very large stock of all

WHITE GOODS,

At equally low prices.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

The public will

REMEMBER

That we have made a

GREAT REDUCTION,

On all goods for this month.

Now is the Time to Buy.

D. H. JONES,
136 Main Street.

SAFE
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE.

RISKS TAKEN

ON ALL INSURABLE PROPERTY

BY ELDAD SMITH,

AGENT.

Office in Titus' Hall Block.

UNDERWRITER'S AGENCY,
CITY OF NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus.....$2,600,000

SECURITY INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$1,462,000

LORILLARD INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus.....$751,000

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$750,000

CROTON INSURANCE CO.,
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$200,000

CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$400,000

NORTH AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus.....$372,000

NORTHWESTERN INS. CO.,
Capital and Surplus.....$320,000

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS,
Capital and Surplus.....$240,000

MORRIS INSURANCE CO.,
NEW YORK.
Capital.....$200,000

COLUMBIAN MARINE INS. CO.
CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus.....$2,600,000

Representing near

Nine Millions of Capital,

Affording ample security to the assured. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Several of the above companies DIVIDE SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE PROFITS with the assured.

Please call at my office for information and terms of Insurance.

july5-65-1y ELDAD SMITH, Agent.

WOOL WANTED.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid by the subscriber, on Sixth st., three doors west of Wisconsin street.

Racine, July 8, 1865. tf D. O. WHITNEY.

Dissolution Notice.

THE firm of KRANTZ & KISSING-er was dissolved yesterday, the 27th June 1865, by mutual agreement. The undersigned will receive all dues and pay all debts of the late firm, and continue the business at the old stand.

JOHN KRANTZ.

June 29, 1865. 4t

CLOVER, RED TOP AND TIMOTHY Seed for sale low, by

april-3m JOHN KIMBER.

STOVES, TIN,

AND

HARDWARE

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO call the attention of the people of this city and county to his large and well selected assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SUCH AS

STOVES, of all kinds, TIN & COPPER WARE, of every variety, of his own Manufacture.

He wishes to call particular attention to the new stove.

The "Moving World"

better adapted for saving fuel and doing all kinds of cooking than the "Stewart," or any other cooking stove in the market.

All kinds of

Harvesting & Farming Tools,

NAILS, CUTLERY,

and everything in the Hardware line. STOVE PIPES, EAVE TROUGHS, ROOFING, and

All Kinds of JObbing

executed with promptess and dispatch. PAPER RAGS, OLD COPPER, BRASS &c. taken in exchange for goods.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. R. McFARLAND.

Racine, June 16, 1865. tf

Get the Best, Complete, Authentic and Well Illustrated.

THE LIFE OF

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Puplished in English and German.

PRESENTING HIS EARLY HISTORY, Political Career, and Speeches in and out of Congress: also, a General View of his Policy as President of the United States; with his Messages, Proclamations, Letters, etc., and a History of his eventful Administration, and of the Scenes attendant upon his Tragic and Lamented Death.

By Hon. Joseph E. Barrett,

Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

1 Vol. 8vo., about 700 pages, bound in embossed cloth; sheep, library style; and half cloth. Illustrated with numerous fine Engravings of Scenes identified with Mr. Lincoln's Early Life.

It is more than four years since Mr. Barrett commenced the preparation of this work. During this time he has occupied the high position of Commissioner of Pensions, and in addition to his official relation to the President, has enjoyed a personal intimacy which elicited and placed at his command every source of information required to render the work reliable, full, and complete.

This is the only work for which Mr. Lincoln himself furnished all the material facts of his early life.

The work will be beautifully embellished with fine illustrations from sketches taken on the spot of

The Birthplace of Mr. Lincoln;

House near Gentryville, Ind.,

The home of Mr. Lincoln for thirteen years, and where his mother died;

Little Pigeon Baptist Church,

Where Mr. Lincoln (when but a lad) and his parents attended;

The Log House in Sangamon Co., Ill.,

Where the "3,000 rails" were split;

Springfield Residence;

The Scene of his First Inauguration;

The Pioneer March—1816;

And a

Steel Portrait of the late President,

Pronounced by himself, family, and friends the finest and most accurate likeness produced.

This work is sold exclusively by our duly authorized Agents, and can be had through no other source. It will not be for sale in the Bookstores, and can not be had of the publishers directly. Those those desiring to secure a copy for their libraries, should subscribe promptly when the opportunity is presented. We will guarantee that they shall be well served at the hands of our Agents. The success of the Agents now at work, shows an unusual readyness on the part of the people to subscribe. Judging from the reports that have thus far been received, 100,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT NINETY DAYS.

C. F. VENT & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS for the North-West,
94 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

H. GRISWOLD,
tf SOLE AGENT FOR RACINE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TRUNK AND HARNESS

ESTABLISHMENT.

EDWIN FOSTER, NO. 131 MAIN ST., Racine, is now ready to

Supply the Trade

with a splendid variety of

TRUNKS, HARNESSES,

VALISES,

SADDLES, WHIPS,

AND EVERY THING IN HIS LINE.

The articles of his manufacture

Cannot be Excelled

For Style, Beauty of Workmanship, & Durability.

Racine, June 1, 1865. june7tf

WM. HALL & SON,

543 BROADWAY, - - NEW YORK,

Agents for the Celebrated

Driggs New Patent

PIANO FORTES

WHICH ARE CREATING THE greatest sensation in the musical world, and have received the highest testimonials from all the leading artists in the country, among whom are

S. THALBERG, WM. MASON,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK, F. H. BROWN,
WM. HENRY FRY, THEO. KISFELD,
M. STRACKOSH, MAX MARETZEK,
HERMAN A. WOLLENHAUPT.

Having purchased the agency of **George A. Prince & Co.'s Melodeons, Automatic and School Organs,** from their late agent, Mr. Charles E. Bacon, we will be pleased to receive orders for those celebrated instruments, and will always endeavor to keep a sufficient supply on hand to fill all orders at sight. The most liberal discounts given to the Trade, Churches, Clergymen and Schools. All Instruments

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

Manufacturers and Importers of

Flutes, Banjos, Violins, Guitars, Violin Strings, Accordeons,

and all kinds of BRASS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Special attention paid to furnishing BRASS INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS.

PUBLISHERS OF SHEET MUSIC.

Just published, **"The Venite,"** a new collection of Chants for the Episcopal Service, for opening and closing Voluntaries, Musical Societies, Classes, and for the Social Circle, by Virgil C. Taylor. Price—Boards, 50 cts.; Cloth, $1.00.

In press, and will soon be issued, RASSINI'S TWENTY MELODIC EXERCISES, for the study of the proper art of singing, by Carlo Bassini, author of Bassini's Art of Singing. And

PIANO-FORTE CALISTHENICS,

A collection of FIVE FINGER CORD and SCALE PASSAGES, for speedily developing the muscles of the fingers, and acquiring that degree of flexibility, independence and velocity, which are so indispensable to a good performance on the

PIANO-FORTE,

By Francis H. Brown.

Music sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

WILLIAM HALL & SON,
543 Broadway, New York.
june7

GOOD PASTURING.

I CAN FURNISH PASTURING FOR twenty head of stock, on my farm at Ives' Grove. The pasture is the best of Clover and Timothy, and well watered. Terms reasonable. Apply to Norman Clark, Racine, or the undersigned, Ives' Grove.

JOHN BUSS.

June 2, 1865. 6t

1865.

SPRING TRADE.

Dry Goods for the Million!

I will offer this week several hundred pieces of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS,

AT RETAIL,

Considerably Below the Present Market Value.

Also, a large line of

CLOAKINGS,

IN ALL COLORS.

I wish to call particular attention to my stock of

DOMESTIC WOOLENS

AND

COTTONS,

which I am retailing at

Less than present New York Value.

EDWARD McENERY,

138 Main Street.

P. S.—A full stock of

Heavy, Plain and Brocaded

DRESS SILKS

RECEIVED.

Racine, May 24. tf

MAKE A LOUD NOISE

AND

Sing Unto all ye People

OF

Wisconsin, Racine Co. and Racine

THAT

Kidder & Harris

are selling the

Best, Purest and Choicest

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

WINES, BRANDIES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

TOILET ARTICLES, &c., &c.

that were ever imported to this city.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling the Purest

T's,

Namely, the SAME QUALITY for the SAME PRICES formerly kept by Thorpe & Gorton.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling

Mixed & Ground Spices,

Pure as Pure can be.

N. B.—That K. & H. are selling the choicest

COFFEES

IN TOWN.

N. B.—That K. & H. put up all kinds of

PRESCRIPTIONS

WITH THE GREATEST CARE.

N. B.—That while you are looking around to find the best, rest assured that K. & H. keep the best

DRUGS AND GROCERIES.

N. B.—Remember the number,

City Tea Mart, No. 148 Main St.

Racine, Jan. 19, 1864.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

GIRARD HOUSE.
PHILADELPHIA,

Respectfully call the attention of Business Men and the travelling community, to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

Sept30-3m KANAGA, FOWLER & Co.

REVERE HOUSE,

Cor. Clark and Kinzie Sts.,

CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS.

G. DUTCHER, ... PROPRIETOR.

S. E. JOY. S. JAMIESON

JOY & JAMIESON,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

OFFICE, TITUS' BLOCK,

Racine, - - - Wisconsin.

Racine, Dec. 9th, 1864

Reading for the Young.

A Little Muslin Night-Gown.

The other day I saw the prettiest little night-gown that was ever made.—It was not embroidered, nor trimmed with lace nor French work; only a plain muslin gown. Still, I say it was the prettiest one I ever saw. I looked at the seams, and the neatly-turned hem on sleeve and skirt; no marks of sewing-machine there, for they were the daintiest old-fashoned stitches. As I turned it over and over, I wished I could make this one into hundreds; for I know of at least four or five babies that need just such clothing as this. Oh! if I could add a cipher to this one and make it a thousand—and so earnestly did I feel, that I gave a deep sigh for my wish and it reached the ear of Vera, the little maid I keep hid away to do my writing.

"I'll do it," whispered she.

"How? Would you be like the boy who planted his knife and expected it to grow into a tree, and bear knives without number?"

"Just so," she answered. I'll write the story of the little night-gown, and send it to the Observer, and you may never know how many baby-clothes may grow from that one." Vera always writes when she wants to—so ere is the story.

It took three pairs of hands to do his wonderful piece of sewing. The ladies in a certain church had been putting up boxes of clothing to send to our home missionaries, and the pastor's children thought they would like to help. But how could such playful fingers accomplish anything? There were wise consultations after school, or a round the fire at bed-time, until the great plan was made and unfolded o the good mother, who was well pleased to help on such a work.

"Ma, we want to earn money, how can we do it?"

She answered, "I have heard of children who would deny themselves something they liked, and let their parents give them the money it would cost."

"Now, what could we do without Sugar, molasses, butter—oh! butter, that's it! Ma, will you pay us, if we go without it?"

"Oh! yes," said she; for the wise mother knew that she would save money into the bargain; and ministers' wives nearly always know the price of butter. It was not that these children do not like butter, that they were willing to do without it. If you should hold a golden buttercup blossom under any of the three plump chins, you would see such a bright, yellow spot, you might be sure they loved it well—good, rich butter, and plenty of it. The days slipped along without being buttered, and soon they had earned enough to get something for the missionary box. The first purchase was of muslin to make this little garment. Then the busy little hands laid down their school-books after the lessons were well learned, and began to practice the lessons of useful industry. So this is the way the little night gown was made. But a while ago, as Vera was writing, a roguish face peeped over her shoulder, and she heard a long whistled "Whew! what a yarn!" Of course the boy's mother asked, "What's the matter?"

"Any body know four or five hundred babies? that what the matter!"

"Now, sir, you never need doubt what Vera says; she is truth itself."

"Then she is the face of the moon to look down upon so many hundred babies."

"Read again. I know of at least four or five hundred."

"But where are they, I'd like to know."

"Well, all over our country. In the Western States and Territories are deserted men and women, who have left happy and comfortable homes to go and preach, and teach people, who otherwise would have no churches and Sabbath-schools. How much they suffer nobody at home ever could know; but the kind Father in heaven, who watches all their sacrifices, sends to every missionary home the blessing of little children. This then is all true. Of all the missionary boxes we ever sent, or that we ever heard of, not one ever went to a family that did not have a baby in it.

"But these are not all. This cruel war has driven thousands of mothers from their homes, many of them with half-clothed children in their arms.—The other day I heard of something that made me have very queer thoughts. It seemed to me as if the good angels that bring little baby nestlings to these earthly homes, had by some mistake left two of them in the wrong place.—Nobody seemed to welcome them; the first sounds they ever heard were sighs and coughs and groans, and the first sights they will see are trembling old age and suffering misery and rags. But there were the little bald heads snuggled up against their two miserable motters, and the little pink hands stretched out grasping at nothing.—Nothing for them in all the wide world; and yet they slept as sweetly as if they were in a palace, instead of a Refugee Hospital. Ah! children, could you know half the stories of sorrow in one of those hospitals, your hearts would ache, and your bright eyes be blind with tears. But the good Father of all men can so open the hearts of his people that they will provide for these desolate thousands. For he can bring good out of so little a thing as the story of a little night-gown.

"Children, will you help?"—*Observer.*

To shake off trouble, you must set about doing good to somebody. Put on your hat and go and visit the poor; inquire into their wants and administer unto them; bind up the wounds of the afflicted, and in so doing you yourself shall be filled with the oil of joy.

SPONGE PUDDING.—One pound sugar, one pound flour one dozen eggs well beaten. Steam two hours.

Chicago & Milwaukee Railway.

TIME TABLE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 8TH 1863, trains will leave Racine as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger Train	8.33 A. M.
" "	5.55 P. M.
Freight "	3.32 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger Train	11.57 A. M.
" "	7.18 P. M.
Freight Train, (Mondays excepted)	5.30 A. M.

J. D. FOSTER, Agent.

Racine, June 8, 1863. junc7tf

PHOTOGRAPH CARDS FOR GENtlemen. Samples and Catalogues sent for 25 cents. Enclose an envelope with your own name and address. D. HEMMETTE, 189 Bleecker-st., New York. oct26-3m

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used and have such an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The receipt is published around each bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size.—At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that is the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou will send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.

Thy Friend,

ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.

SKYES, CHADWICK & Co.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel,
Washington, D. C.

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers Home,
Cincinnatti, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE, 254 Broadway."

NEW-BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe pro-trating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glassfull after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being.—My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully,
JUDITH RUSSEL."

If the ladies of America but knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we candidly believe one half of the weakness, prostration and distress experienced by them would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 159 West 14th St. N. Y., says, "he has three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them, but that she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself and both are hearty, saucy and well. The article is invaluable to mothers," &c.

Such evidence might be continued for a volume. The best evidence is to try them. They speak for themselves. Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relie through these Bitters.

They are now sold by all respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe. Be sure each bottle has our private United States Stamp over the top, and take none other. We do not sell it in any other way. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon is an impostor, and should be immediately reported to us. Beware of *refilled* bottles; examine and see that the stamp has not been mutilated.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
21 Park Row, N. Y.
D. S. BARNES, New York.

NEW GOODS.

I am now receiving my

New Spring Goods,

consisting in part of

DRESS GOODS, SILKS,

Cloaks, Cloak Cloths,

Shawls Prints, Ginghams, DeLaines,

DENIMS, STRIPES,

Bleached & Brown Sheetings,

DUPLEX HOOP SKIRTS,

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

Woolen Goods,

Goods for Men and Boys Wear.

TEAS, SUGARS,

COFFEES, &c., &c.,

For sale cheap by

B. F. WEEKES.

Racine, May 9, 1865.

THIRTY DAYS!

GREAT SALE

OF

Ready Made Stock.

REDUCED PRICES.

JOSEPH MILLER,

at his extensive

BOOT AND SHOE

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 160 Main Street, Racine,

proposes to give the people of this city and county

A BENEFIT,

and, for this purpose, will, during the next thirty days, sell all ready-made goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

He have on hand the largest and best assortment of goods

Ever Offered in this Market.

Now is the Time to Buy!

He continues to manufacture the best

CUSTOM WORK

that can be had any where. He has a splendid stock of

Ladies, Gentlemen's & Children's

FINE BOOTS & SHOES,

including all the varieties of

STYLE AND QUALITY.

ALSO,

Heavy and Substantial Goods,

of the best quality.

☞ Make haste to secure great bargains.

Racine, Nov. 16, 1864.

METROPOLITAN ENTERPRISE!

DUNN'S PRINCIPAL DEPOTS:

182 Clark and 133 Dearborn Sts., CHICAGO,

558 Broadway, N. Y.

89 North Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo.

124 Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O.

250,000 PIANOS, WATCHES, CHAINS, SEWING MACHINES,

Melodeons, Photograph Albums, Gold Pens, Sets of Jewelry, Lockets, Diamond Rings, Family Bibles, Framed Engravings, Silver Tea-sets, Silver Cups, &c., &c.

WORTH OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS!

All to be sold for $1 each, without regard to value. Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.

SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES

TO BE SOLD

FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH!

10 Superior Grand Piano Fortes	$600 "	$6,000
100 Splendid Octave Pianos	400 "	40,000
150 Melodeons, the best made	200 "	30,000
175 First-class Sewing Machines	60 "	10,500
300 Silver Tea Sets	80 "	24,000
250 Ladies' and Gents' Gold Watches	50 "	12,500
250 Ladies' Gold Watches	85 "	21,250
500 Gents' fine Silver Watches	50 "	25,000
200 Diamond Rings	15 "	3,000
2,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains	3 "	6,000
5,000 Ladies' Belt Buckles, new patterns	4 "	20,000
5,000 Gold Oval Hand Bracelets	4 "	20,000
7,000 Solitaire and Gold Brooches	4 "	28,000
7,500 Coral, Opal, and emerald Ear Drops	4 "	30,000
4,000 California Diamond Breast-pins	2.50 "	10,000
3,000 Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys	2.50 "	7,500
4,000 Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides	3 "	12,000
6,000 Sets of Solitaire Sleeve Buttons	3 "	18,000
8,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.	4 "	32,000
10,000 Miniature Lockets	2.50 "	25,000
10,000 Stone Set, and Signet Rings	2.50 "	25,000
10,000 California Diamond Rings	2 "	20,000
9,000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry, Cameo, Pearl	4 "	36,000
10,000 Gold Pens, Silver Extension Holders and Pencils	4 "	40,000
5,000 Gold Pens and Gold Pencils	6 "	30,000
5,000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups	5 "	25,000
3,000 Silver Castors	15 "	45,000
2,000 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets	20 "	40,000
8,000 Photograph Albums	5 "	40,000
3,000 Large Photographs in Oval Frames	5 "	15,000
2,000 Large Family Bibles	5 "	10,000

SOME OF THE NAMES OF FORTUNATE PURCHASERS WITHIN THE LAST FEW DAYS:

L. C. Whitford, Lombard Block, Chicago, got a magnificent Grand Piano $2,000

E. D. Darr, No. 150 W. Monroe St., Chicago, got a Fine Rosewood Piano 600

Chas. McFarland, Esq., boot and shoe manufacturer, 101 Lake St., Superb Melodeon 150

Dr. Shaw, No. 155 Clark street, a Piano 175

Geo. W. Stratton, No. 291 Clark street, a Melodeon 165

Mrs. Ackerly, No. 125 N. Wells street, a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine 63

Henry Jewett, Joliet, a Watch worth 125

J. L. Williams, 78 W. Lake St., Silver Tea Set 75

This list of names could be extended to thousands.

PLAN OF SALE.—Cards naming each article and its value are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. One of these "Great Gift Sale Envelopes," containing the card describing some article, (worth at least one dollar at retail,) and also a rare collection of popular songs and valuable receipts, worth many dollars, will be sold at any of the Company's depots or agencies, or sent by mail to any address, without regard to choice, on receipt of 25 cents. The purchaser may see what article his ticket calls for, and its value, which may be from one to one thousand dollars, and can then pay one dollar and take the article, or not, as his option. No blanks,—every purchaser gets value.

Price of Envelopes 25 Cents each; a Club of Five sent to one address for $1.00.

Parties ordering by mail, may depend on having prompt returns, and the article drawn will be immediately sent to any address from Chicago by return mail or express. Every article guaran teed to give perfect satisfaction or the money will be refunded.

AGENTS WANTED.—Send stamp for circulars. Address all letters to C. M. DUNN & CO., GREAT GIFT SALE

CHICAGO, ILLS.

DEPOTS:

Nos. 182 Clark & 133 Dearborn Sts.,

BIOKRENE OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK!

YOUTH TO THE AGED!

THIS PREPARATION IS UNEQUALled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ; this super-a preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE

CURES *Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Exhaustion, Ennui. It has a most delightful, desirable and moral effect upon the nervous system*; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their NATURAL VIGOR, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wanted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is a true grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
25 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and ROSE & FRITZ, Chicago, Wholesale Agents. July 26-1y

New Advertisement

G. THELEN,

CORNER OF

5th and Wisconsin Streets,

OLD STAND OF

THELEN & DIETRICH,

Is now receiving his

SUMMER STOCK

OF

STAPLE & FANCY

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of all kinds of

Domestics,
Dress Goods,
Cloaks, and
Hoop Skirts.

ALSO,

GROCERIES,

Of the choicest qualities; &c., &c., &c.

FARMER'S PRODUCE

Will be taken in exchange for Goods at the

Highest Market Price.

G. THELEN.

Racine, May 26, 1865.

INSURE AGAINST

ACCIDENTS.

Travelers Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL, - - - $500,000.

ISSUES TRAVELERS INSURANCE Tickets for the single trip, for a week, a month, or a year, insuring for

THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS

if fatally injured, or

Sixty Dollars per Month

during Total Disability, (not exceeding six months for any one accident,) when caused by *accident to any public conveyance* in which the person injured may be traveling.

Tariff of Rates, for $3,000, and $15 per Week Compensation.

Ticket for 1 day,	10 cts.	Ticket for 10 days,	$1.00
" " 2 "	20 "	" " 20 "	1.00
" " 3 "	30 "	" " 30 "	2.00
" " 5 "	50 "	" " 3 mos.,	4.50
" " 7 "	70 "	" " 7 "	7.00
		" " 12 "	10.00

Insurance commences at 6 o'clock A. M., 12 N., and 6 P. M. In purchasing Tickets, state the number of days for which a ticket is wanted, and the Train you wish to take.

Remember that TEN CENTS a day insures you for $3,000.

☞ Tickets for sale at Railroad Ticket Offices.

J. G. BATTERSON, President. RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.

H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent for Chicago.

☞ Enquire for Insurance Tickets of the TRAVELERS COMPANY of HARTFORD. may31-1m

TITUS BLOCK,

Racine, Wis.

RAYMOND & JONES,

DEALERS IN

SHELF HARDWARE

Tin Ware, Copper Ware,

Farmers Tools, &c.

They have on hand a large stock of

STOVES,

Of every variety which they sell as

Cheap as the Cheapest.

Particular attention paid to

Repairing and Jobbing,

whether at home or abroad.

First door north of Elkins' jewelry store, Titus Block

N. RAYMOND. THOMAS JONES.

Racine, Oct. 11, 1863. apr19'63

THE PETROLEUM

COOKING STOVE,

For all kinds of Cooking, Heating Flat or Sad Irons, &c., without heating the room, and

WITHOUT COAL OR WOOD.

BY THIS GREAT INVENTION WE are enabled with

Two Cents' worth of Oil or 'Naptha,'

To do all the cooking ordinarily required for a meal in a family of six or eight, and with the greatest dispatch and perfect cleanliness, and a great saving also in time, as these Stoves can be heated as well as extinguished in a few moments. They are perfectly safe, do not get out of order, and can be managed by any one; are portable; can be used in any part of the house, as they make

No Dirt, Need no Pipe,

and will not heat a room. Heretofore no Stove has been constructed where the amount of heat could be instantly controlled and regulated to any degree desired. This, in

Baking, Broiling, Boiling, &c.,

is especially one of the features of the PETROLEUM COOK STOVE.

COME AND SEE IT.

☞ The Ladies are invited to examine this Stove.

Now on exhibition at the Rooms in the Rear of Bank of Racine.

All orders promptly attended to by addressing

GEO. A. WEBSTER, Agent.

Racine, May 26, 1865.

JEWELRY STORE

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Silver, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS

JOHN ELKINS & SON,

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO say to their friends that they are in receipt of a

New and Splendid Stock

of spring goods of everything which can be called for in their line, among which will be found

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the justly celebrated American manufactory; also other imported styles in

Hunting and Open Cases,

A very large assortment of

JEWELRY,

of the latest styles and patterns.

Silver Spoons and Forks

of plain and fancy patterns, made of silver equal to coin.

PLATED AND BRITTANIA WARE.

Clocks of various Sizes and Patterns.

Ladies Traveling and Work Baskets,

Port Monies for Ladies and Gents.

TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET CUTLERY,

Violins, Guitars,

Accordeons, Flutes, &c.

A large assortment of

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

expressly for the Holidays.

Chickering & Son and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANO FORTES.

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.'S

MELODEONS.

☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. mar21tf

Clough & Jewett,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

AT

4 Sixth St., Racine,

have marked down

SUGARS, COFFEES,

TEAS,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

and most of their goods to suit the decline in gold.

FARMERS!

We pay Cash for your Butter and Eggs.

☞ To those living within the city limits, we deliver goods FREE.

CLOUGH & JEWETT HAVE REduced their price on Kerosene Oil twenty per cent.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE WINTER Wheat Flour from Missouri wheat, at reduced prices at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

CHOICE CANNED FRUITS, CANNED Oysters, Lobsters, Pickles in jars or by the hundred, at CLOUGH & JEWETTS.

AN EXCELLENT QUALITY OF Wrapping Paper, bought at greatly reduced prices and offered for sale at *extremely low rates*, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S.

ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS AND Maple Sugar, at CLOUGH & JEWETT'S

GRAND RALLY

AT THE

New Boot and Shoe

STORE.

ALL THE PEOPLE ARE NOTIFIED that a new

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

has just been opened in

Clement's New Building, adjoining the Baker House,

In the City of Racine, where a large and choice stock of goods, for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

can be found. We have

Women's, Misses and Childsen's

Balmorals and Congress Gaiters.

of splendid and very durable quality.

Men's Boys and Youths

Calf Kip and Grained Boots.

Every variety of

CHILDREN'S SHOES,

of good quality and fine workmanship. These goods are fresh from New York, and are all of the

LATEST STYLES.

Our establishment is connected with a large manufacturing establishment east, and can sell goods

Fifteen Per Cent. Cheaper

than any other house in the west. Particular attention paid to

Custom Work and Repairing.

S. CROSBY.

Racine, Oct. 24, 1864.

ICE! ICE!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PROcured a large quantity of

PURE ICE,

he is ready to supply all who may want it, either by the season or otherwise, at reasonable prices. All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Orders for Ice left with Langlois & Robilliard will meet with prompt attention.

A. BETTRIDGE.

Racine, April 12, 1865.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY

Obtained for Widows, Mothers, Fathers, Brothers and Sisters, for a fee of

Five Dollars Only!

M. KELSEE.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 9 1863. 6m

KENOSHA HOTEL.

A. N. CROTSENBURGH, Proprietor.

Park Street, few Doors East of City Bank, Kenosha

THOSE WISHING GOOD ROOMS CAN have their selection by applying immediately. Those wishing suites of rooms can now have their choice.

☞ Good Stabling house provided at reasonable rates. May 18, 1865.

1865 1865

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's,

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator,

Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

'Costar's' Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plant, Fowls, Animals*, &c.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ ! ! ! Beware ! ! ! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "Costar's name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞ Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Racine, Wis.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The *Farmer's Gazette*, (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 651,6-0 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 65,000 human beings.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS *versus* BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids in exterminating *rats* is a benefactor. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefits of their experience in driving out these years. We need something besides dogs, cats and traps for this business.—*Scientific American, N. Y.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect Rat-libation meeting we have ever attended. Every Rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—*Lake Shore, Mich., Mirror.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

HOUSEKEEPERS troubled with vermin need be so no longer if they use "Costar's" Exterminator. We have used it to our satisfaction; and in a few cent $5, we could have it. We have tried powders, but they effected nothing; but "Costar's" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can do it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina, Ohio, Gazette.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.—Speaking of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator—more vermin and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, Wis., Herald.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS—should recollect that hundreds of dollars' worth of Grain, Provisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice, Ants, and other insects and vermin—all of which can be prevented by a few dollars' worth of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator, bought and used freely.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

☞ Sold in Racine, Wis., by all Druggists and Dealers. July12-65 3m R

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from a suspension or suppression. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany different menstruations. They are the only safe and reliable remedy for Fluxes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Sensitiveness, Sleeplessness, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but *Ladies must bear in mind that, there is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE.—Such is the irresistable tendency of the medicine to restore the natural functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.* THEY CANNOT DO HARM in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the only Medicine that MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with IMMEDIATE and PERSISTENT SUCCESS.

DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to any druggist, and tell him that you *want the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!!

They have received, and are now receiving, the sanction of the most *eminent Physicians in America.*

EXPLICIT DIRECTIONS with each Box—the price, *One Dollar per Box*, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent *by mail, postage free*, on remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds.

Sold by Druggists generally.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
25 Dey Street, New York.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and LORD & SMITH, Wholesale Agents. Sold in Racine by all Druggists. Sold in Kenosha by Dr. STARKWEATHER and WHEELER & CLARK. July12-1y

CARRIAGE TRIMMING

EDWIN FOSTER

WISHES TO SAY TO THE PUBLIC that he has secured the services of one of the

Best of Carriage Trimmers,

And hopes that all who want anything in this department will give him a call.

Carriage Trimming,

IN EVERY STYLE, will be executed in the promptest manner and at the lowest rates.

Racine, July 12. July12-1y

To Whom it May Concern.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THE-len & Dietrich, of the city of Racine, will be dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the above firm, will bring them in, and all those that are indebted to them by note or book account will please call at the old stand and settle the same immediately. If not settled they will be left in the hands of our attorney for settlement and collection.

Yours, Respectfully,
THELEN & DIETRICH.

The above firm will sell goods from this date, regardless of cost, at reduced rates, until the whole stock is sold.

March 1, 1865. 2m T. & D.

House and Two Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO DISpose of two valuable lots, situated in the Second Ward, on Pearl street, between 14th and 15th streets. These lots are handsomely located, have good house, water, fruit trees, &c., and are near the 3d Ward school house, being an advantage to those wishing to send children to school. They will be sold at a great bargain. For terms apply to No. 56, Sixth street, Racine.

JOHN NEWMANN.

Racine, June 14, 1865. apr11-2m

STRAYED,

FROM THE PREMISES OF THE undersigned in the city of Racine, on or about July 1, a white and red speckled cow about eighte years old. Whoever will return said cow to my residence, will be liberally rewarded.

E. G. TASE.

Racine, July 6th, 1865.

PAINTS & OILS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

145 Main Street, Racine.

LANGLOIS & ROBILLIARD

HAVE A FULL and complete assortment of

White Lead,

French and American WHITE ZINC,

Linseed, Boiled, White, Elephant, Sperm Straits, Machine, Sweet, Neats foot and Kerosene

OILS.

Turpenitne, Camphene

ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID,

VARISHES AND JAPAN.

A full and complete stock of

Colors, Dry and Ground in Oil, Artists' Colors and Materials, Diamonds Gold Leaf, Smalts and all

Other Articles Belonging to the Trade.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window, Plate and Looking Glasses,

of all sizes.

BRUSHES

of every description. A large and splendid stock

Wall Papers, Borders,

Decorations, Gilt and Common Window Shades, Figured and Plain Curtain Paper, Tassels, Cordes, and Curtain Bands.

Fluid and Kerosene Lamps and Lanterns.

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Manilla and Tarred Ropes, all sizes, Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Coal Tar, Rosin, Blocks, &c., &c.

Bedcords, Clothes Lines, Broom Twines, all qualities, Wrapping Twines in bundles or barrels, Bell and Sash Cords, Wool Twines, Cotton Seine and Gilling Twines, &c.

We would call particular attention of the trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment of goods in the city.

Call and see us

No. 145 Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

PAINTING,

Glazing, and Paper Hanging attended to on short notice.

GREAT SALE

OF

STAPLE GROCERIES

AT

WHOLESALE

For the Next Thirty Days.

In anticipation of a

Change of Business

during the spring I offer my

STOCK OF GOODS

IN THE

Wholesale Department

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

MANY OF THEM AT

New York Rates.

Dealers are requested to call and examine goods and prices.

Terms, Cash.

E. J. WICKHAM.

DISSOLUTION.

KELLEY & MURRAY HAVING PURchased the interest of J. Taylor in the late firm of

"Taylor, Murray & Co.,"

Will continue the

LUMBER BUSINESS

at the old stand, where a general assortment of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts,

will be kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

KELLEY & MURRAY.

JAS. H. KELLEY, GEORGE MURRAY. Racine April 10 1863. apr22tf

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S

GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,

FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Causes, and always successful as a Preventive.

And the "only sure" and CERTAIN REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex, whether "married or single."

These Pills are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many year's, both in France and America, with unprecedented success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who have used them, to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box.

50,000 BOXES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN TWO YEARS.

Ladies say nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in removing obstructions and restoring nature to its proper channel, quieting the nerves and bringing back the "rosy color of health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 00 per Box. Six Boxes for $5 00.

Sold by all Druggists.

And by KIDDER & HARRIS, Sole Agents for Racine and vicinity. Ladies by sending them $1 can have the Pills sent confidentially by mail, free of postage and without observation, to any part of the country.

G. S. LACEY General Traveling Agent for the Western States, 167 Dearborn St., Chicago.

N. B.—None genuine unless the box is signed S. D. HOWE. Jan18-1y

GORTON, ROWLEY & BRO.,

HAVING SUCCEEDED TO THE

Washington Market

AS SUCCESSORS TO

GORTON & LOVELL,

WISH TO INFORM ALL THE PEOple who love to eat the best of

FRESH MEATS

in their season, that their experience enables them to furnish the choicest selection which can be found anywhere. They will endeavor to maintain the reputation of the

WASHINGTON MARKET,

and give their patrons the fullest satisfaction in

Cuts and Prices

at all times. They have a well ventilated

ICE HOUSE

in their market, in which their meats are always kept sweet and cool.

Hams, Dried Meat, Pickled Tongues, and Sausages

always on hand. Orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city, free of charge.

JAMES GORTON, MARK ROWLEY, JOSEPH ROWLEY.

June 14, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between I. Burbeck and T. H. Kidder was dissolved on the 2d inst.

The undersigned will continue the

Soap and Candle

business at the old stand. Thankful for past favors, I will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.

ISAAC BURBECK.

Racine, May 25, 1865.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

GREAT SALE

OF

Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, &c.,

ONE MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH!

To be disposed of at

ONE DOLLAR EACH!

Without regard to Value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!!

SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES! ALL TO BE SOLD AT ONE DOLLAR EACH!!!

800 Musical Boxes	$20 to $150	each.
150 " " with Bells and Cassets

What shall be done with the Negro?

The following from the Janesville *Gazette*, suits us pretty well. We shall have something to say about the negroes and the white trash, as soon as we reach that subject. We have had some experience with both:

WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH HIM?

Deep concern is felt in all quarters and among politicians of all shades of opinion as to what shall be done with the negro. It seems to vex their souls continually, and like Banquo's uneasy ghost, will not down at any body's bidding. Men who can scarcely take care of themselves, are suddenly seized with solicitous anxiety as to the social, and especially as to the *political* status of the black man.

We think the shortest cut out of all this difficulty is to bestow upon him all the political rights which anybody enjoys, make him equal before the law, and then *let him alone*, just as we do other men, to work out his salvation with fear and trembling. Our fatherly solicitude about the colored man, is entirely gratuitous in most cases and is often insulting. He is far more capable of taking care of himself and family to-day, than the majority of the poor whites of the Southern States, and that he has taken care of the "chivalry" all his life, is a fact patent to everybody. If the negro's wants are not very simple and his style of dress and diet entirely primitive, it is not the fault of his former master, and we believe he is the best qualified man in the South at the present time to paddle his own canoe. That he has been compelled to paddle his own as well as his master's heretofore, cannot be denied, and now that he has been relieved of the burden of caring for his owner, he will get on nicely if we do not lay any obstacle in his pathway. If we wish to aid him let us fix things so that he can help himself. Let us "conquer our prejudices" against his color, and place him just where the Declaration of Inpendence places him, employed by his creator with the inalienable privilege of owning himself and raising in the scale of humanity to the highest point of which he is capable, unrestricted by any individual legal hindrances whatsoever.

Our own solicitude in the matter has reference to the white men of the states lately in rebellion, far more than to the nego. All through this civil strife, the colored man has had just wit enough to be on the right side of the quarrel, and there are not a dozen thorough bred rebels in all the South, with a black skin. The negro may not know much, which is more our fault than his, but somehow his head has been the levelest of anybody's in Secessia, as far as heard from.—He has been the friend and protector of our soldiers when hunted for their lives by the cruel whites, and the slaves have been the black cloud that has guided many a blue coat out of the land of Southern bondage. It is the half whipped, sullen, aristocratic rebel and the thriftless poor white trash that will give us trouble yet in the South. It needs no standing army to keep the negroes loyal and true to the old flag, but the bayonet may be necessary to the good health of the white man for some time to come.

The cruel wrongs inflicted upon a weak race have cost us the bloody war from troops is and losses we are just emerging. If we mean to do justice, love mercy and prevent a recurrence of these dread calamities, let us go to the bottom of things and carry out the fundamental principles upon which our Government was based. What we have to do with the negro is to make a man of him. That's all there is involved in this knotty question.

Old Pub. Funk.

The following is an extract from a letter written by ex-President Buchanan, and read on the 4th of July by the Democratic of Harrisburg, Pa.:

"I am gratified to observe that everywhere throughout the state the old Democratic party is renewing the energies of former years. It can never die while the Constitution and Union live. It will be a bright and glorious day for the people of the country—*and this will surely come*, though at my advanced I may not live to see it—when the well tried and time honored principles of Democracy, as expounded by Jefferson and Jackson shall in be the ascendancy in the administration of the federal government.

"Yours, very respectfully,

"JAMES BUCHANAN"

The democracy ought to feel very grateful for this "show of promise." His modesty, no doubt, prevented his saying to the scattered children of this glorious promise, that his advanced age would probably prevent his again occupying the presidential chair. May he he didn't want to make them feel gloomy.

The celebrated English lion tamer, James Crockett, died at Cincinnati on the afternoon of July 6th. He was there in company with Howe's European circus, and had driven around the city in the morning. At the afternoon performance he was in his stage costume, and was about entering the ring, when he suddenly staggered and fell. He lived but a few minutes after falling, and it is supposed that the heat of the sun was the cause of his death. He was a single man, and about forty-five years of age. Some time ago he was engaged as keeper at Astley's Amphitheatre, in London, and about two years ago, while some workmen were employed in mending the stage, two lions and a lioness broke loose, and caught one of the workmen. The owner of the beasts was sent for, but could do nothing, and Crockett arrived only in time to save the man's body from being mangled. The fearlessness he showed on this occasion, by thrashing one of the animals that turned on him, brought him into great notoriety.

K. G. C.—The President of the "Knights of the Golden Circle," in confinement at Fort Warren, has issued an "order" suspending the operations of the Circle until July, 1870, when a "congress" will assemble at Washington, and lay the corner-stone of the "Saxon University." What that means, our Copperhead friends probably understand.—*Madison Journal.*

It will no doubt take at least five years to repair the damage done to that Golden Ring by the surrendering of Lee's army to Grant.

General Sherman arrived in St. Louis on Saturday.

The shipments of government securities to Europe, on Saturday, amounted to about $2,250,000.

John Bell, with his family, arrived at Nashville, Tennessee, on the 12th inst.

The cam Dunderburg, of 7,000 tons burthen, will be launched on Saturday next.

Among the recent applicants for pardon is the rebel General Marmaduke.

The steamer Wyacenda was burned near St. Genevieve, on the Mississippi, last Thursday. But one life was lost.

The legal limits of National Bank circulation is not an army of observation, as each soldier now in the field costs considerably more than $1,000 a year.

Thurlow Weed had a long interview with the President this morning.

The *Post's* special says there is a great demand for the 7 30 bonds of small denominations, and the department of the Treasury has set engravers at work upon plates with a view to supplying the want.

Government is not disposed to make unnecessary display at such an expense.

Notice.

THE firm of TERBUSH & VAN VALKENBURG is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm to be paid to John P. Van Valkenburg, and all debts against said firm to be paid by said Van Valkenburg.

JOHN P. VAN VALKENBURG,
T. TERBUSH.

Racine, July 19, 1863.—3w.

BURLINGTON
Woolen Factory.

Terms for Manufacturing and Dressing Cloth, Coloring, Carding Rolls, &c.

FOR MANUFACTURING CASSIMERE or fulled cloth, 60c to 75c per yard; white flannel, yard wide, 37½c; mixed and common colors, 50c; madder, red, scarlet or plaids, 62. We give, on shares, one-half the cassimere, fulled cloth, colored or plaid flannel, half the cassimere, fulled cloth, colored or plaid flannel, or three-fifths of the white flannel that the wool will make. One pound of washed wool in the fleece will make three-fourths of a yards of cassimere or fulled cloth, or one yard of yard-wide flannel. Discount, one-third on unwashed wool.

For carding rolls, 10c per pound; for oiling, 2c per pound; for cleansing wool, 2c per pound for the weight before it is cleansed. For fulling, scouring and pressing home-made cloth, 20c; with shearing, 25c, and with gigging or napping 30c. For finishing completely and coloring, 35 to 40c. For carding and spinning 10c per pound.

Freight.

Wool to be made into rolls will be taken from the depot and returned without charge. Wool to be manufactured may be sent by railroad (not by express) from any part of Wisconsin, Illinois or Iowa, and will pay all freight charges, and return by express, the return charges to be paid by the customer.

Packing and Directions.

Put the wool in strong sacking, not in old cotton sheets. If you wish it all to reach us. Be sure and put your directions on the inside of the sack, with your name and place to send the cloth. Write by mail, and there will be no trouble in receiving your goods in season.

Remarks.

We are determined to maintain the good reputation of the Factory established under the management of Mr. Catlin, of the former proprietors. We will make none but pure wool, serviceable cloth; do just as we agree with all persons, and never, under any circumstances, refuse to receive and return cloth, may be made in business, and intend to make it for the interest of farmers to patronize us.

LAWTON & PERKINS.

Burlington, Wis., April, 1863. may10-4m

BOOTS AND SHOES

JOHN BECK

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that he has just received his

WINTER STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Men and Boy's wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Racine Boot and Shoe Store,

No. 52 Main Street,

one door north of Union Hall, Racine, Wisconsin.

November 26, 1863.

A CARD.

MISS LEWIS,

TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC,

WILL GIVE LESSONS IN MUSIC AT the residence of (over)

JUNIOR CLASS.

Every Saturday afternoon. New Term begins the first Saturday in November (6th instant) 2 o'clock p. m. Terms, $1 00 in advance.

SENIOR CLASS.

New Term will begin on the first Monday in November, (November 9th) Monday and Thursday afternoons, 2 to 5 o'clock. Rudiments of music will be taught in both Classes, with the latest New Songs. Course, 24 lessons, $5 00. Terms cash, in advance.

Also, will attend to private lessons in the "Art of Singing at the Voice," after the most approved method. Private lessons, 24 lessons, $12 00.

Also, will attend to the tuning of Pianos, and instruments on Melodeon or Guitar in connection with singing lessons if desired.

Rooms in Cooley's, opposite the School House, on Wisconsin street, between 3rd and 4th streets.

Racine, Oct. 24, 1863. aug25-tf

FURNITURE.

M. SPIECH,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE,

On Sixth Street.

A few doors West of the Baptist Church, is prepared to sell

Furniture

of a little less, as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere in the city.

Gilt, Rosewood and Oval Frames

FOR

PICTURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS.

Ready Made Coffins always on hand, or made to order. We have a supply of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings for Pictures Frames. Persons having pictures to frame will do well to give me a call.

Racine, May 6, 1863.

PHENIX
Fire Insurance Company,

OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital	$200,000 00
Total Assets	922,219 20
Assets	$722,219 20

Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted by D. McDONALD, Agent, at Pfeiffer, Ackerly Masonic Building, Main street, Racine.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT Court for the County of Racine—DAVID W. STUART, plaintiff, against Alwira Stuart, defendant. Summons for Relief.

[Stamp Revenue Stamp, 50 cts cancelled.]

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendant You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the city and county of Racine, in said state, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint; said complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office in the city of Racine, in said county of Racine in said state, this first day of May, 1863.

Witness, the Hon. David Negley, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit of the State of Wisconsin, at the city of Racine, this 31st day of May, A. D. 1863.

N. H. JOY, Pltf's Atty.

June1-6w

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY—In Probate.—In the matter of the estate of EDWARD MYHER, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Mack, representing among other things, that Edward Mather, late of the town of Mt. Pleasant, in the County of Racine, and State of Wisconsin, deceased, lately died intestate, leaving real and personal property situated in said County, and praying that said petitioner be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased, it is ordered, that said petition be heard before the judge of this Court,

On Monday, the 7th day of August,

A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the office of said Judge in the city of Racine in said County. And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the "Racine Journal," a weekly newspaper printed and published at said city of Racine.

Dated, July 7th, 1863.

By the Court,
JOHN B. ADAMS, County Judge.

July12-4t

A Card to Invalids.

A CLERGYMAN, WHILE RESIDING in South America as missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by boyish and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, free of CHARGE.

Please inclose a post paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.

mar29-3m

DRIVER & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings

of all sizes, Siding, Flooring, Spindles, Broom Handles &c., &c.

EMPLOYMENT.

$75 A MONTH—AGENTS WANTED to sell Sewing Machines. We will give a commission on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expense paid. Address

D. E. HERRINGTON & CO.,
Detroit, Mich.

WILCOX & GIBBS
SILENT
SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, Cord, Bind, Braid, Quilt and Embroider beautifully. It will, with the finest needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with NO CHANGE of needle, thread or tension. It will use coarse cotton, linen, silk, and twine. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a firm, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being TWISTED by means of

THE ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist into the goods, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case error, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "unravel the web-thread." Old, worn out family garments, hosiery, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the GREATEST COMPETITION, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress.

THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG,

This avoiding the great trouble of other machines.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is less thin three fourths of an inch long, and is straight.

The Hemmer and Feller Can Never be Set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them in THE DARK. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or under side as you wish it.

IT WILL NOT DROP STITCHES. As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight, does not vibrate, like longer blades.

It is run by steam at 2,000 stitches per minute, other machines at only 400 to 1,200, with safety. They are

Manufactured with Mathematical Precision,

Hence each part is interchangeable and can be readily replaced in case of accident. The machine cannot be adjusted, hence will not get out of order. It still last a generation, if properly cared for. Some who have used it can be persuaded to use another.

The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

ITS RAPIDITY, ABSOLUTE STILLNESS, EASE OF MOTION, narrowness and neatness of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes' instruction they will set the needle, stitch the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success.

The makers unhesitatingly pronounce this the BEST FAMILY Sewing Machine in the world. Whatever the merits of the other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Wilcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other over offered to the public.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute—the first premium for

"THE BEST SEWING MACHINE,"

at the great New England Fair—the Vermont State Fair—the Pennsylvania State Fair—the Indiana State Fair—and 50 other First Premiums at the meetings of Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies in 1861.

IT IS NOW THE GREAT LEADING FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Price of Machines, with hemmer, feller, gauge, oil can, extra needles, full directions, &c., from $36 to $150.

Barnum's Self-Sewer.

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES, guides the work itself, avoiding the best portion of a day's sewing the eyes. Price, $1 50. Large Discount to Agents.

We have other machines in exchange. We sell Oil, Cotton, Silk, Twist and Needles for every kind of sewing machines.

AGENTS WANTED.—Terms or agency, descriptive circular and specimen of work sent free by mail, on receipt of stamp, or half cent.

L. CORNELL & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,
jun21-6m 153 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

The Great Indian Beverage.

E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE'S

WAHOO BITTERS.

TAKEN BY EVERYBODY

AND SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE A COMPOUND of Nature's Great Restorative; they are entirely Vegetable, being compounded from different Roots, Barks and Herbs, and are free from all intoxication. They strengthen the natural healthy action of the Stomach, giving to it a natural and healthy action, and when the Stomach is right the whole man is right.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE AN

ALTERNATIVE, DIURETIC AND STOMACH TONIC.

They act direct upon the Liver, Purifying the Blood, giving a healthy glow to the skin. They cure

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Asthma, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache

Warm and Strengthen the Bowels, are a preventative of Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Chills, Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. The Spirits used to preserve these Bitters is a PURE RYE WHISKEY, distilled in Copper, under my direction and care, and therefore is the only spirits recommended by the Medical Faculty for its medicinal qualities.

Put up only by myself, the inventor and Patentee.

CAUTION!—None genuine unless E. W. D.—1863—E. Dexter Loveridge, Wahoo Bitters, follows in the Bottle, and bearing a label on it, bearing the signature of E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE, the GREAT INDIAN BEVERAGE, LOVERIDGE'S CELEBRATED WAHOO BITTERS.

E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE,
June25-6m BUFF N. Y.

ST. CATHARINA'S

FEMALE ACADEMY,

RACINE, WIS.

THE SISTERS OF THE ORDER OF St. Dominic, well known in this and the adjoining States as experienced and competent Directors of Female Education, respectfully announce to the citizens of Racine, and the public in general, that this academy will be open for the reception of pupils on the 1st of November, 1863.

Copies of every religious denomination will be admitted, and no undue influence will be used to bias the religious principles of the young ladies, nor will any of them be permitted to embrace the Catholic faith, without the express wish of their parents or guardians. Uniformity and good order, however, require the attendance of all at Morning and Evening Prayers, and the religious exercises on Sunday.

COURSE OF STUDIES.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Ancient and Modern Languages, Rhetoric, Composition, Sacred and Profane History, Natural Philosophy, Book Keeping, Astronomy, Algebra, Piano, Guitar, and Vocal Music, Drawing, Painting in Oil and Water Colors, Plain and Ornamental Needle Work.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Superior of the Academy.

All letters to be addressed to the Superior St. Catharina's Academy, O. P. Dominic, Racine, Wisconsin.

Send for circular.

M. BENEDICTA, Superior, O. P. Dominic.

Wanted.

MALE AND FEMALE HELP, FARM hands, bookkeepers, salesmen and porters. Female help, salesmen for store, housekeepers, seamstresses, chambermaids and girls for general house work, can all have situations by applying to the agent of the Chicago Employment Association.—Mrs. Davis Superintendent of the Female Department. Mr. Davis, Superintendent of the Male Department, 116 Clark St. Room 21, with stamp enclosed. P. O. Drawer 6290.

FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD

SCALES,

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

Careful to buy only the genuine. jun24-6m

BENNETT & McCLELLAN

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

Nos. 1 & 2 Second Floor, Masonic Building

(OVER THE POST OFFICE,)

Racine.....Wisconsin.

D. W. BENNETT. L. J. M'CLELLAN.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—Diseases of the *Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotency*, and other affections of the *Sexual Organs. Physical Debility and Premature Decay*,—new and reliable treatment—Reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address

DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,
Howard Association,
No. 2 South 9th St. Phil'a, Pa.

feb10-6m

NOTICE TO

Wounded and Sick Soldiers.

ALL THOSE RESIDING IN THE counties of Racine and Walworth wishing to apply Invalid Pensions, will call for examination at my office, corner Main and Ninth Streets, Racine.

T. R. HOY, Examining Surgeon,
For the Counties of Racine and Walworth.

Racine, Jan. 14, 1862.

TO THE PUBLIC.

TAKE NOTICE, that I hereby forbid any person from purchasing one Promissory Note signed by me some time last fall, made payable to Richard Osborn, for the sum of three hundred and twelve dollars, one year after date without interest, as the same was obtained in fraud and by deceit, as I shall not pay the same.

JOHN OSBORN.

City of Racine, March 28, 1863. 3t.

A Remedy for the Piles.—It is a blessing to the suffering to know that we have an effectual cure for this truly troublesome disease. Mr. J. P. Hazards, of 164 Second street, Cincinnati, O., takes great pleasure in informing all who are suffering with Piles, that he had a small quantity of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy, and it effected a permanent cure. This seems to be the case with all who use of this splendid preparation. If is manufactured by Mr. S. East, Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O., and sold by all Druggists.

Largest and Cheapest.

Furniture Wareroom

IN RACINE.

FRED. IBING, MANUFACTURER, No. 4 Main street, near the Racine and Mississippi Railroad depot. No Eastern slop work. Furniture to suit the times—Mahogany, Cherry, Oak and Black Walnut.

We invite the public to call and examine our stock.

Tete a Tetes, Sofas,
Centre Tables, Lounges,
Card Tables, Ottomans,
Secretaries, Book Cases,
Wardrobes, Bureaus,
Chamber Setts, Looking Glasses, &c

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings

FOR PICTURE FRAMES.

Oval Frames for Portraits & Photographs

He is the agent in this city of Fisk & Crane's air tight and indestructible

Metallic Burial Cases.

These preserve the body from decomposition and prevent the emission of offensive odor, and are the most suitable thing for its use that has ever been invented.

Walnut and Cherry Polished Coffins,

on hand or made to order at the shortest notice.

FRED. IBING.

August 20, 1862.

HARK!

DID YOU HEAR THAT NOISE!

The People's Store.

No. 20 East Water St.,

MILWAUKEE.

Is crammed with one of the largest stocks of

DRY GOODS,

Ever Offered at Retail in the West.

Having taken advantage of the recent panic, we are now prepared to dispose of the same at prices as far below those which ruled early purchases, as to astonish the closest buyers. An endless variety of

DRESS GOODS.

A profusion of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES.

Six Piles of

SATINETTS & COTTONADES.

Bales and Cases

Bleached and Brown Muslins.

Any quantity of

Red, White and Blue Flannels.

Every style

FANCY SHIRTING FLANNELS.

Denims, Tickings,

Table Linens, Napkins,

Wrappers, Drawers,

Hoods, Nubias, Blankets,

Hosiery, Embroideries, &c.

Also large stock of

YANKEE NOTIONS.

Especial attention is called to our stock of

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

Remember the number and do not fail to call

20 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

THOS. HOOLEY, Prop.

SCHUMACHER & RITCHIE,

No. 128 Main Street, Racine,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND LIQUORS.

We keep on hand the best and choicest stock of

CHEWING TOBACCO,

PLUG AND FINE CUT,

Pipes & Smokers Articles

in great variety, and as fine an assortment of

LIQUORS,

and imported

RHEIN WINES,

as ever brought to this market.

GIVE US A CALL.

P. SCHUMACHER. [mar24] S. RITCHIE.

Goodrich's Lakes Michigan and Superior Line of Steamers.

Daily Line between Milwaukee and Chicago & between Chicago & Two Rivers.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL steamers COMET and MAY QUEEN, will form a daily line between Chicago and Two Rivers. On and after this date one of the above steamers will leave Goodrich's Steamboat dock, foot of Main Street, for Chicago, Racine and Kenosha, every evening, (Saturdays excepted) at 8 o'clock, and for Two Rivers and all intermediate ports, every evening, (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock. For freight or passage apply to H. S. DAVIS, Agent,
Office foot of Main Street.

Leave Racine for Chicago every day (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock, and for Milwaukee every afternoon, (Sundays excepted) at 3 o'clock.

A. P. DUTTON, Agent,
June 18, 1864. Office at the Outside Warehouse.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The United States

TELEGRAPH CO.

HAVE GOT THEIR LINES IN FULL communication with

All Parts of the U. S. and Canadas,

and are prepared to send dispatches with greater celerity and correctness than any other line. They have recently opened an

OFFICE IN RACINE,

IN THE JOURNAL BUINDING,

No. 147 Main Street,

with a competent operator in charge. The public, and business men in particular, will find it to their interest to patronize this line, which is acquiring a wide-spread popularity among the mercantile men of the country.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

April 196

Stray Cow.

CAME INTO THE ENCLOSURE OF the subscriber, on or about the 27th day of May, a yellow and white cow, about five years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

PATRICK LEONARD.

Raymond, May 29, 1863.

J. B. ROWLEY'S
Insurance Agency.

Capital Represented, $9,000,000.

Fire Insurance Companies.

New England—Assets,	$244,078
North American—Assets,	697,837
Home, New Haven—Assets	659,070
Charter Oak—Assets,	360,000
Columbia—Assets,	559,000

Life Insurance Company.

Connecticut Mutual—Assets,	$7,000,000

The above Companies issue policies on as favorable terms as other responsible companies. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Life Insurance.

Persons desiring Life Insurance, are invited to investigate the standing and plan of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL before making an application elsewhere, as by so doing they may save nearly half their money.

J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.

L. JANES, Solicitor.

Office at J. Humphrey's Clothing Store, Main St., Racine. may24

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

PIANO FORTE

MANUFACTURERS.

499 Broadway, New York

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC and the trade is invited to our

NEW SCALE

SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD

PIANO FORTES,

WHICH FOR

Volume and Purity of Tone,

are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements.

French, Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Iron Frame, Over-String Bass, &c.

and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grosteesteen, who has had a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is

Fully Warranted in Every Particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano Forte" received the Highest Award of Merit over all others at the celebrated

WORLD'S FAIR,

where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR

Five Successive Years,

the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warerooms. By the introduction of Improvements we make a still more

Perfect Piano Forte

and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price that will preclude all competition.

PRICES:

No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case, $350.
No. 2, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding, $375.
No. 3, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood Louis XIV. style $400.

Terms: Nett Cash, in Current Funds.

Descriptive Circulars sent free. july27-1y

Fire! Fire! Fire!

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE one of

FLETCHER'S PATENT

HEAT RADIATORS

AND

DRAFT REGULATORS,

as they will save from one-third to one-half the fuel commonly used, and is a

Sure Preventive

against chimneys taking fire in windy weather, as they are constructed with two registers, whereby the draft is perfectly controlled and the

Heat Retained in the Room.

They are warranted on two weeks' trial; not approving what they are represented, they can be returned and the pay refunded. Warranted to take one third less fuel. Manufactured by

WELLS & FLETCHER,
Jan. 27, 1864. No. 3 Market Square.

PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED to attend to all enlists in his line of

PLAIN PAINTING, GRAINING,

Sign and Ornamental Painting,

AS WELL AS

GLAZING, WALL COLORING

AND PAPER HANGING.

Residence and shop on Pearl Street, between 4th and 5th Streets.

JOHN CAVEN.

Racine, Feb. 25, 1863.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. CLARK & MILLER,

DR. H. H. CLARK HAS ASSOCIATED with him in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, Dr. Chas. W. Miller, late of Rockford, Illinois. Office in Tims Block, 2d story, main entrance, first door to the left, where one of them can be found at all hours, day or night.

Residence of Dr. Clarke, 6th street, between Pearl and Chippeway.

H. H. CLARK. CHAS. W. MILLER.

A RARE CHANCE!

A Key to all Knowledge,

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PERSON UPON RECEIPT OF

TEN CENTS.

None should fail to avail themselves of this.

[mch30] Address FRANK HARDEE, Troy, N. Y.

Choice Farm for Sale.

60 ACRES PRAIRIE AND 6 ACRES Timber for sale separately or together. On this farm is a good house and an excellent barn with underground stables. Also, a fine orchard of bearing fruit trees. This farm is situated half way between Skunk Grove and Tees Grove, and is really one of the most beautiful farms in Racine county.

Price low and terms easy.

KNIGHT & GRAM.

August 1, 1864.

BANK NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT all the counterfeited circulating notes of the Commercial Bank of Racine must be presented at the office of the Bank Comptroller at Madison, within three (3) years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of said circulating notes will be given up to those entitled to the same.

Sept. 30th, 1863.

WM. H. RAMSEY, Bank Comptroller.

RACINE CITY & COUNTY

Attention!

Tobacco and Cigars

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

GROCERIES,

Toys and Fancy Goods.

WINES AND LIQUORS

KLEIN & BROTHER,

at the new brick building,

132 Main Street, Racine

Have opened a new and excellent stock of

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Including all the best brands of Fine Cut and Smoking. Also, a splendid assortment of

Genuine Meerschaum,

India Rubber and Briar Wood Pipes,

and every article used by smokers.

Toys and Fancy Articles

a choice, very desirable and cheap.

Groceries,

Including Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, &c., &c

Liquors at Wholesale.

We have the best and purest of Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Grand Brandies, and German Wines, suitable for medicinal purposes, all of which will be sold as low as they can be bought in Chicago, or any other city west of New York.

The people of the city and county of Racine are invited to call at our new store, and see for themselves.

FRED. W. KLEIN.

Racine, Oct. 1, 1863.

The great Itch and Humor Rife of the 19th Century!

This new preparation possesses most wonderful properties, and is

A SURE CURE

For every species of the ITCH, PRURIE ITCH, BARBER'S ITCH, WARM SCRATCHES, ILLINOIS MANGE, CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD RINGWORMS, &c.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is a new and certain cure for all kinds of Itch, and being a fluid preparation it is free from all the gumming, disagreeable qualities of the ointments in general use.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is safe to use under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, will not injure the most tender skin, and CONTAINS NO MERCURY. Don't fail to try it. Manufactured by

E. T. & W. T. McFARLAND,

Sole Proprietors, Lafayette, Ind.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Wholesale Agents

Sold at Wholesale in Chicago by FULLER, FINCH & FULLER; CHARLES S. SMITH; BURNHAM & VAN SCHAACK; W. D. HARRIS & CO., SMITH & DWYER; J. H. REED & CO., and H. SOOVIL.

Sold by RIDDER & HARRIS and H. STONE, Racine.

jun11-6m

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shoe Shop across the way from his old stand, and is now opening of the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

that was ever opened in Racine. His stock is all made under his supervision, and he can warrant it to give

PERFECT SATISFATION.

Every variety of Shoes

LADIES, CHILDREN,

Misses and Boys,

as well as a very large stock of

BOOTS FOR GENTLEMEN,

can be found on his shelves. He flatters himself that by having the

Best of Workmen

and using the

BEST OF STOCK,

CANNOT BE BEAT

in this city.

Repairing done on Short Notice, and at a Reasonable Price.

Remember the place, at No. 90 Main Street, formerly McCreary & Sons' old stand.

B. REICHERT.

Racine, March 5, 1863.

Stray Pig.

LEFT THE PREMISES OF THE subscriber on or about the 11th of May, a Berkshire pig, about nine months old. Any person having information of said pig, will be suitably rewarded by leaving word at the JOURNAL office, or with

CASPER RICK,

At Case & Co.'s Blacksmith Shop.

Racine, May 19.

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS WANTED at the Groceries, at the store of

JOHN KIMBER.

Oct. 1, 1863.

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

Great Piano Forte & Melodeon

EMPORIUM,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Wholesale Agents for

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS,

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The Oldest Establishment in the United States!

THIRTY THOUSAND

Of these instruments are now in use mostly in the United States and Canada, also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America, and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonies of the high estimation in which they are held. At all *Industrial Exhibitions*, they have invariably been

Awarded the Highest Premium!

whenever exhibiting in competition with others. We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our *Illustrated Catalogue*, in which every Instrument we manufacture, is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

CAUTION!!

We daily see advertisements of some new reed instruments, (with strange names) purporting to be superior to Melodeons and School Organs. A new exterior and a new name will naturally attract attention; but the public will bear in mind that *all Reed Instruments*, now manufactured in the United States and Canada, are as near *as they can be made without infringing our patents*, copies of our own.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

Wholesale Agents for

WM. KNABE & CO'S

CELEBRATED

Gold Medal Piano Fortes

Also, for

SOEBBLER & SMITH, BOARDMAN & GRAY,

And other First Class Pianos.

Manufacturers and Importers of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

STRINGS, ACCORDEONS,
VIOLINS, CLARINETS,
DRUMS, GUITARS,

BRASS INSTRUMENTS

And other Musical Merchandise.

The STRING and BRASS INSTRUMENTS, of our manufacture and importation, and used by all the best bands in the United States, and whenever exhibited have always received the Gold Medals and highest premiums.

Having connection with Manufacturing Houses in Berlin, Leipsic, Dresden, England and Paris, we are prepared to furnish DEALERS, BANDS and INDIVIDUALS, with every article in this line, at the lowest manufacturers' prices.

Remember the Place,

Address

JULIUS BAUER & CO.

WHOLESALE WAREROOMS,

99 S. Clark & 89 Washington Sts.

CHICAGO, ILL.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

DR. SEELYE'S

LIQUID

CATARRH

REMEDY.

Cure Warranted if Directions are Followed.

Single bottle will last a month—to be used three times a day.

SYMPTOMS.

The symptoms of Catarrh are at first very slight. Persons find they have a cold, that they have frequent attacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of temperature. In this condition the nose may be dry, or a slight discharge, thin and acrid, afterwards thick and adhesive, may ensue.

As the disease becomes chronic, the discharge is increased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are hawked or coughed off. The secretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell is less acute or destroyed; deafness frequently takes place.

Another common and important symptom of Catarrh is, that the person is obliged to clear his throat in the morning of a thick or slimy mucous, which has fall